

Clinical electronic Structured Harmonised Protocols – How is ICH M11 supporting trial design and reporting?

CDISC EU Interchange 2025 – 14 May 2025

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Disclaimer and Acknowledgements

Disclaimer

The views expressed here are my personal views, and may not be understood or quoted as being made on behalf of the EMA, or its scientific committees, or reflecting the position of the EMA. In addition, I am not presenting on behalf of ICH.

Acknowledgements

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M11 EWG



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- What is M11 about? Motivation, content and operational considerations.
- Links to CDISC, HL7 Vulcan & CTIS





European Interoperability Framework

A common approach for interoperability

EIF - 4 inter-linked interoperability layers



- Organisational interoperability
- Semantic interoperability
- Technical interoperability

- Obligations
- Rights
- · Operating Model
- Business processes
- Data governance
- Data standards
- Metadata
- Reference data
- Data models
- Human-to-machine interfaces
- Machine-to-machine interfaces
- Information security

International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Pharmaceuticals for Human Use

About ICH

- Bringing together the regulatory authorities and pharmaceutical industry to discuss scientific and technical aspects of pharmaceuticals and develop ICH Guidelines.
- **ICH's mission** is to achieve greater harmonisation worldwide to ensure that safe, effective and high- quality medicines are developed, and registered and maintained in the most resource efficient manner whilst meeting high standards
- As of November 2021, 67 state of-the-art technical ICH Guidelines and standards have been produced spanning the pharmaceutical products lifecycle, with further guidelines under development



Formal ICH Procedure



Source: https://www.ich.org/page/formal-ich-procedure



ICH Work Products

Guidelines / standards

E3, E6, E9...

Quality Guidelines

Harmonisation achievements in the Quality area include pivotal milestones such as the conduct of stability studies, defining relevant thresholds for impurities testing and a more flexible approach to pharmaceutical quality based on Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) risk management.

Q S M

Safety Guidelines

ICH has produced a comprehensive set of safety Guidelines to uncover potential risks like carcinogenicity, genotoxicity and reprotoxicity. A recent breakthrough has been a non-clinical testing strategy for assessing the QT interval prolongation liability: the single most important cause of drug withdrawals in recent years.

Efficacy Guidelines

The work carried out by ICH under the Efficacy heading is concerned with the design, conduct, safety and reporting of clinical trials. It also covers novel types of medicines derived from biotechnological processes and the use of pharmacogenetics/genomics techniques to produce better targeted medicines.

Multidisciplinary Guidelines

M11, M2

Those are the cross-cutting topics which do not fit uniquely into one of the Quality, Safety and Efficacy categories. It includes the ICH medical terminology (MedDRA), the Common Technical Document (CTD) and the development of Electronic Standards for the Transfer of Regulatory Information (ESTRI).

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Benefits of a structured, harmonized document

- Difference between a PDF (electronic paper) vs. a truly electronic document, where important data elements can be captured automatically.
- Some advantages...
 - Efficient searching of information
 - Searchable content and metadata
 - Machine-readable
 - Content reuse
 - Makes documents easily accessible for years to come

Regulators receiving documents...



Chemist Lee Geismer looking over an NDA in the 1960s. Source: https://www.fda.gov/about-fda/histories-fda-regulated-products/summary-nda-approvals-receipts-1938-present



EMA archives



Why Clinical electronic Structured Harmonised Protocol (CeSHarP)?

Protocols

- The clinical protocol is an important document that describes the processes and procedures directing the conduct and analysis of a clinical study.
- Format and core content of study protocols vary from sponsor to sponsor, making interpretation difficult for:
 - Medical Writers,
 - Study Sites,
 - IRBs,
 - Regulators,...
- Regulators receive protocols in many different formats
- Approx. 4900 unique protocols received by FDA*

Problem

- No internationally harmonized standard template for the format and content to support consistency across sponsors and exchange of protocol information.
- Lack of harmonization contributes to inefficiencies and difficulties in reviewing and assessing clinical protocols by regulators, sponsors, ethical oversight bodies, investigators, and other stakeholders.



M11 is not just *one* document

Guideline

Provides background, purpose, and scope as a guideline



Template

Provides written format for the Interventional Clinical Trial Protocol Template



Technical Specifications

Provides technical representation aligned with the guideline and template



Guideline

 Explains the need, outlines development

Template

- Specifies headers, common text, instructions, data fields, and terminologies.

Technical Specification

open, nonproprietary
 standard to enable
 electronic exchange of
 clinical protocol information



ICH M11 Protocol Template

Structure

- Preamble to the TOC
 - Conventions
 - General header & structure guidance
 - Flexibility
 - Abbreviations
- Explanation of terms
- Document has more than 50 pages

Preamble

Example Heading	Heading Level	Typeface in this Template	Modification or Deletion	Addition
1.1.1.1	Level 4 (L4)		Delete heading or modify as needed	Insert where needed
Additional Non- Numbered Heading	Non- numbered heading			

23 Table and Figure Numbering

Tables and figures should be numbered and include a title or caption, respectively. No
 numbering convention is specified by this template, but a consistent approach should be
 applied throughout the document.

27 Page orientation can be modified from portrait to landscape as needed.

8 Terminology

22

32

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37 38

The following terminology has been selected for use within this template and is considered to be appropriate for all phases, trial populations, and therapeutic areas:

 Because the scope of this protocol template is focused on interventional clinical trials, the term clinical trials is used rather than clinical studies when referring to interventional clinical trials.

Participant is used rather than subject, healthy volunteer, or patient when referring to
an individual who has consented to participate in the clinical trial. Patient or individual is
used to distinguish the population represented by the trial participants, when
necessary.

 Trial intervention refers to any therapeutic, prophylactic, or diagnostic agent including pharmaceuticals, biologics, vaccines, cell or gene therapy products (when applicable),



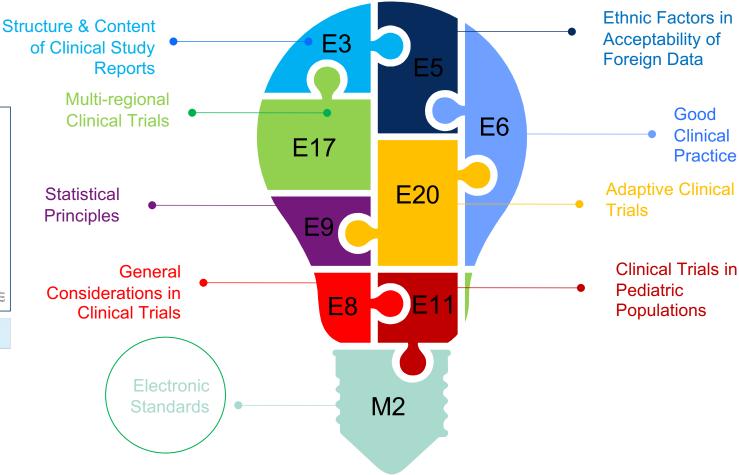
M11 interdependencies

M11 artefacts

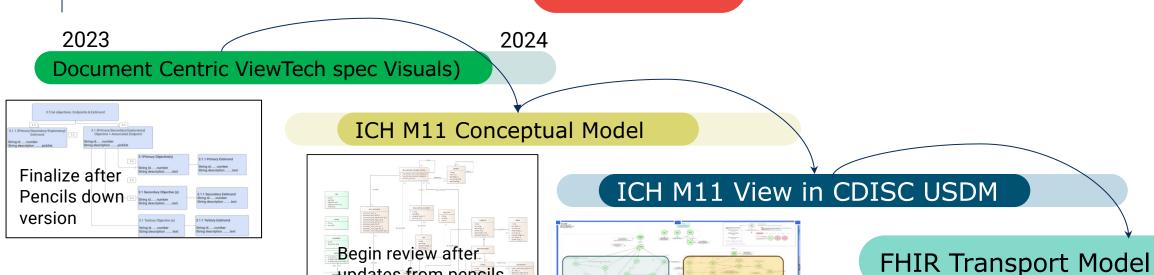








Complexity - Challenge 3: Models Over Time



Technical Specifications Phase

Document Centric View to explain relationships to authors/medical Writers

> Conceptual model provides the ability to store information in a standardized fashion, useful for technical and data personnel

updates from pencils

down incorporated

Technical Implementation Guide Development Phase

CDISC USDM accommodates the M11 elements and their semantics and create an ICH M11 model specific view

Incorporate updates following M11 working plan/reviews

Other Study

Definition

Details

FHIR Transport Model will house everything required for technical exchange, storage and transport of the protocol Information

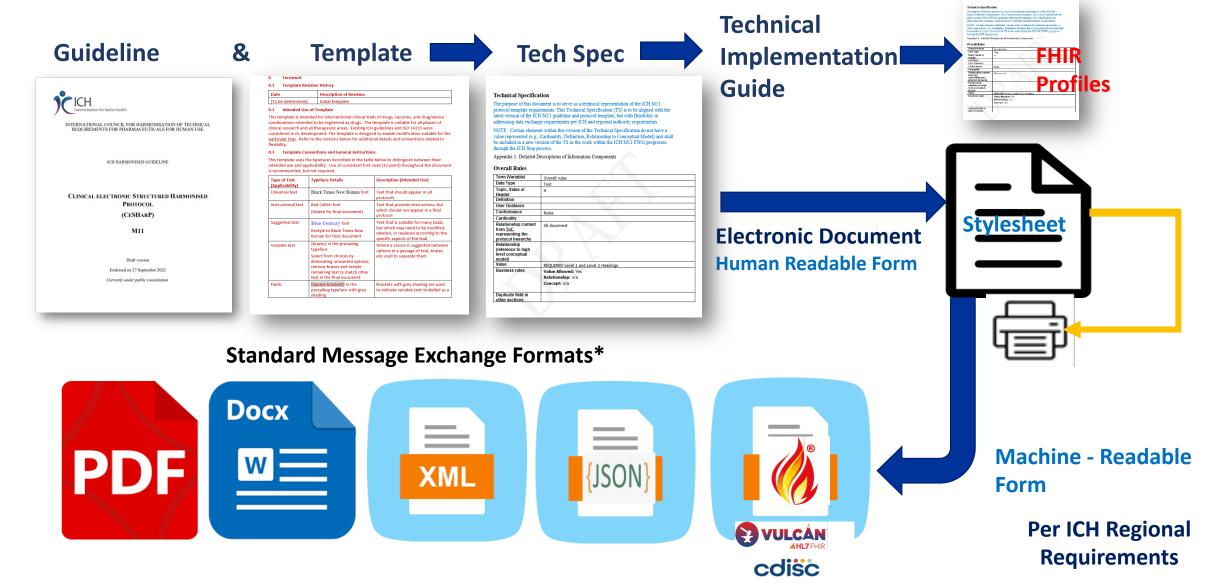
2025

Document &

M11

2023-2025

M11 Template can be exchanged using many formats



^{*} Technical Implementation Guides may be needed for various use cases

Coordination efforts













Shared



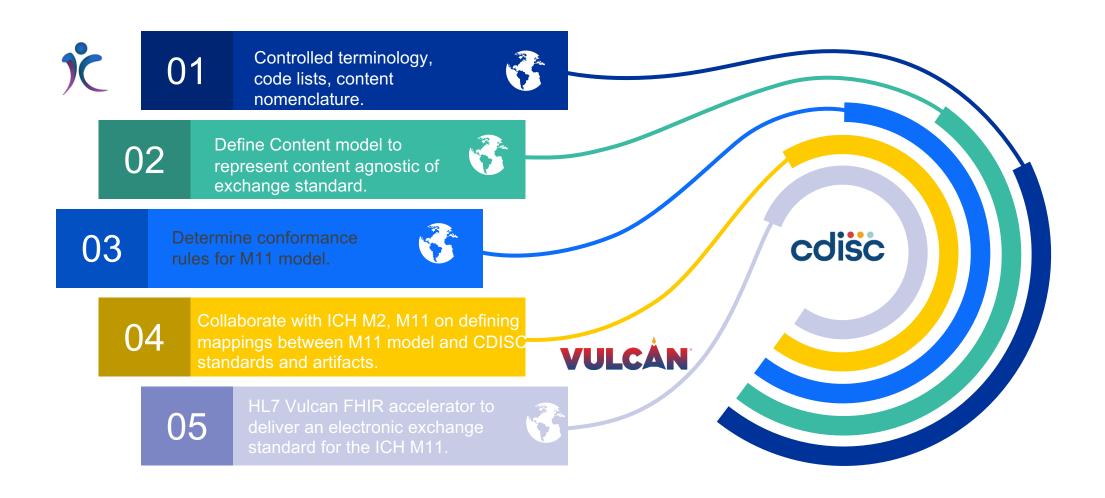


Strategy

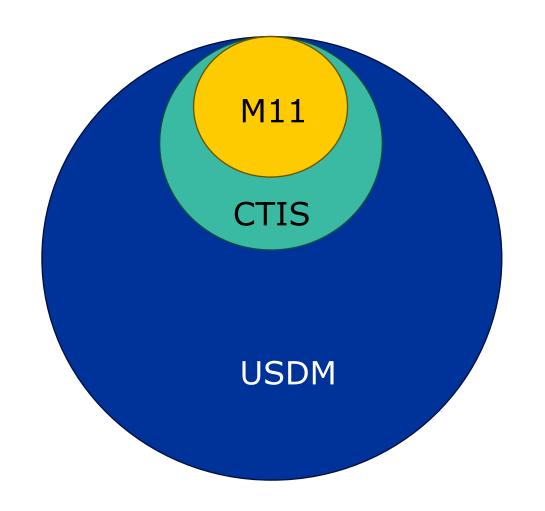
Key Points

- 4 Organizations
 - 3 Projects
 - 14 Deliverables
- Deliverables have interdependencies
- Inputs:
 - ICH M11 template
 - ICH M11 technical specification
 - Models, definitions
- Initial outputs:
 - FHIR IG will allow the exchange of ICH M11 protocols that leverage the M11 technical specification and will carry the CDISC CT and USDM to enable structured, digitized content.
- Expanded:
 - UDP will allow for Implementation Guides for additional use cases while maintaining the harmonization and connectivity.

ICH M2, M11, CDISC, HL7 Vulcan engagement (high level)



Link Between USDM, M11 & CTIS Data



- Areas to be aligned
 - Data elements
 - Definitions
 - Code lists
- EU CTIS has data requirements in addition to M11
- In the future structured study results



M11 - Next steps

1.c. Future anticipated key milestones

Expected future completion date	Milestone
Feb. 2025	Step 2 approval of the draft updated Technical Specification
Apr. 2025	Regional Public Consultation on the draft updated Technical Specification
Jul. 2025	Adjudication of Public Comments on the Technical Specification
Oct. 2025	Updated Guideline, Template and Technical Specification
Nov. 2025	Step 3 Sign-off & Step 4 adoption of the Guideline, Template and Technical Specification
Jan. 2026	Final versioned training materials
Feb. 2026	Step 2 (Testing) of the ICH Technical Implementation Guide for Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources (FHIR)
May 2026	Step 4 adoption of ICH Technical Implementation Guide for FHIR

ICH M11 EWG WorkPlan 2025 0214.pdf



Take-home messages

- M11 will provide a new structure for protocols (truly electronic and in terms of content)
- Better exchangeability and information retrieval
- Efficiency gains through harmonization

Next steps:

- Revised Protocol Template <u>published</u> 03/2025 (for reference only).
- Revised Technical Specifications for <u>public consultation</u> until 22/04/2025.
- Sign-off Step 3 in 2025 and move to ICH member adoption at Step 4





Thank you

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