



Digital Health Technologies (DHTs): A Path to Data Standardization

Presented by Christine Connolly, Head of Standards Projects, CDISC



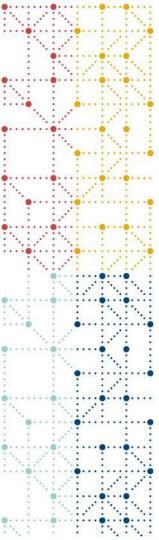
# Meet the Speaker

**Christine Connolly** 

Title: Head of Standards Projects

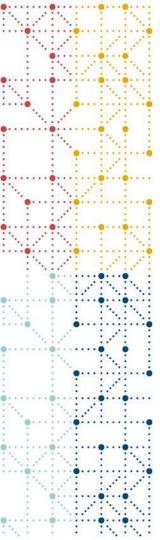
**Organization:** CDISC

Christine Connolly is an advocate for standardization given its potential to expedite improved health outcomes. She has led initiatives, developed, and implemented data standards for almost fifteen years and has twenty-five years of experience working in global clinical trials in both academic and pharmaceutical settings.



# Agenda

- 1. Digital Health Technologies (DHTs)
- 2. Standards Through Partnership
- 3. A Path to Standardization



# Digital Health Technologies (DHTs)

### **Digital Medicine**

#### Digital Medicine Field

The use of technologies as tools for measurement and intervention in the service of human health <sup>1</sup>

#### **Digital Health Technologies (DHTs)**

A system that uses computing platforms, connectivity, software, and/or sensors, for healthcare and related uses <sup>2</sup>

#### Sensor-based DHTs

Digital health technologies that include sensor hardware Software applications that run on general-purpose computing platforms



¹ https://dimesociety.org/about-us/defining-digital-medicine/

<sup>2</sup> https://www.fda.gov/regulatory-information/search-fda-guidance-documents/digital-health-technologies-remote-data-acquisition-clinical-investigations

### **Advantages of DHTs Clinical Research**

Data may better reflect the lived (real world) experience

Understanding of day-to-day variability

Improved recruitment, participant engagement, and retention

Decentralized trials with wider patient access

Continuous or frequent measurements increase statistical power

May reduce burden on participants, sites, and investigators

Reproducible, objective data to complement patient-reported outcomes



### **Today**

Contexts in which DHTs support clinical research are innovative and evolving.

Although separate components exist, at present there are no connected, end-toend community resources, from evaluation of DHTs for data collection through subsequent representations of data.

A volunteer team of diverse stakeholders is working to address opportunities for end-to-end resources and data standardization.





# **Standards Through Partnership**

### **Standards Through Partnership**



To advance the ethical, effective, equitable, and safe use of digital medicine to redefine healthcare and improve lives



Digital Health Measurement Collaborative Community

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A collaborative community hosted by DiMe with the FDA's Center for Devices and Radiological Health



Create connected standards across the study information lifecycle to enable accessible, interoperable, and reusable data for more meaningful and effective research

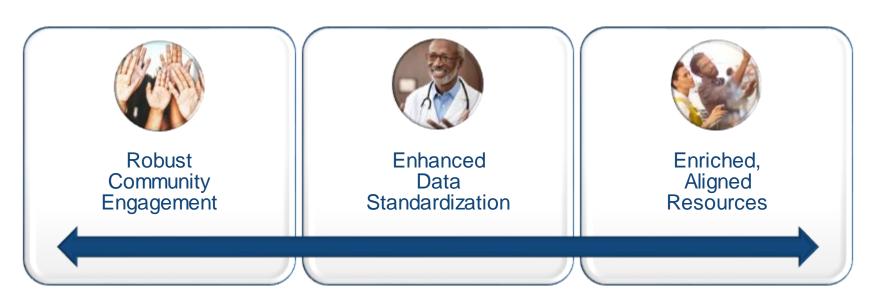
#### **Volunteers**





### **Partnership Goals**

A **framework** for long-term, ongoing provision of connected, end-to-end community resources to support DHT data collection in clinical research via organizational partnership and volunteer engagement.





## **End-to-end Resource Alignment**

#### **Library of Digital Endpoints**

#### https://dimesociety.org/get-involved/library-of-digital-endpoints/



Endpoint identifier	Trial identifier	Endpoint positioning	Endpoint description (per trial registration record)	Health Technology concept/s		Trial phase	Trial primary purpose	Condition/s	Condition/s category	
			Mean Nighttime Total Sleep Time as					Chronic		
87	NCT00325728	Primary	determined by actigraphy., Week 1	Sleep	Wearable	Phase 2	Treatment	Insomnia	Sleep/wake	
			Over the Last 7 Days of Each Treatment	Physical				Peripheral	Endocrine or metabolic	
99	NCT01474772	Secondary	Period (Week 6 of Each Treatment	activity	Wearable	Phase 3	Treatment	Neuropathy	conditions,Neurological	

#### **Glossary**

#### https://dimesociety.org/glossary/

Sensor-based digital health technologies (sDHT)

/'sɛnsər-beɪst 'dɪʤətəl hɛlθ tɛk 'nαləʤiz/ **Connected** digital medicine products that process data captured by **mobile** sensors using **algorithms** to generate measures of behavioral and/or physiological function, also referred to as biometric monitoring technologies.

V3+ Framework





V3+ Framework



https://datacc.dimesociety.org/v3/

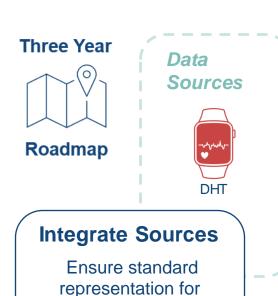
Additional resources may also be considered.





### **Digital Health Technologies Initiative**

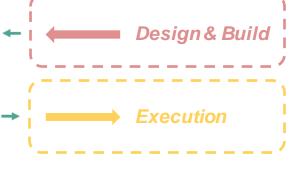




lineage and traceability so data quality meets or

exceeds expectations

✓ Define initial set of usable **Digital Health Technology** endpoints and concepts



- Define an exchange mechanism to represent lineage, traceability, and quality of the data for real world data
- Continuously deliver proof of concepts demonstrating integration use cases



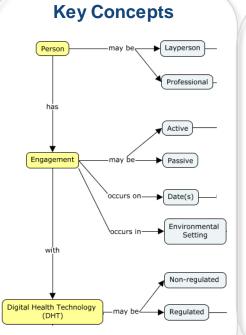
# **Digital Health Technologies Initiative**



Plan	Pilot	Publish			
Deliver per initial scope	☐ Industry pilot of resources	Evaluate lessons learned			
Strategy for release of community resources	Strategy for iterative publication	Refine and implement for steady-state			
Prepare pilot resources	☐ Begin resource publication				
2004	2005				
2024	2025	2026			



### **Initial Scope and Deliverables**



#### **Device Attributes & Digital Endpoints**

DiMe Library of Digital Endpoints: 125 CGM

**Example 1: Continous Glucose Monitoring** 

This example shows findings from assessments of estimates of blood glucose from a continuous glucose monitor (CGM) with the purpose of supporting DiMe Endpoint 125, "CGM % Time 70-180 mg/dl," in a clinical trial. The device data needed for the trial is specified in the study protocol.

The following dataset is an example of data output by the CGM. The data in the columns "Insulin Value (u)" and "Carb Value (grams)" are for data input by the user; they are not used in this example.

dexcom g7.xpt

Relevant glucose data from the device output file have been mapped to the following LB domain dataset.

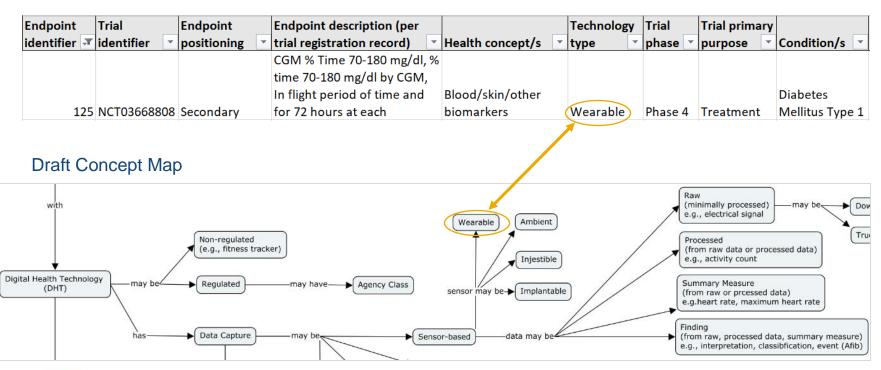
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#### **Best Practices**



### **Key Concepts**

#### DiMe Library of Digital Endpoints

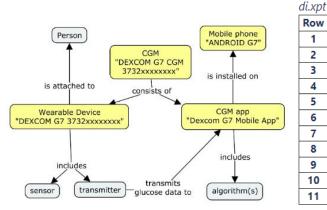




#### **Device Attributes**

#### Draft Example 1: Continuous Glucose Monitoring

This example shows findings from assessments of estimates of blood glucose from a continuous glucose monitor (CGM) with the purpose of supporting DiMe Endpoint 125, "CGM % Time 70-180 mg/dl," in a clinical trial. The device data needed for the trial is specified in the study protocol.



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Row	STUDYID	DOMAIN	SPDEVID	DISEQ	DIPARMCD	DIPARM	DIVAL	
1	ABC	DI	ANDROID G7	1	DEVTYPE	Device Type	Mobile phone	
2	ABC	DI	ANDROID G7	1	MANUF	Manufacturer	Samsung	
3	ABC	DI	ANDROID G7	1	VERSION	Version Identifier	7	
4	ABC	DI	Dexcom G7 Mobile App	1	DEVTYPE	Device Type	Mobile phone app	
5	ABC	DI	Dexcom G7 Mobile App	1	MANUF	Manufacturer	Dexcom	
6	ABC	DI	Dexcom G7 Mobile App	1	VERSION	Version Identifier	7	
7	ABC	DI	DEXCOM G7 3732xxxxxxxx	1	DEVTYPE	Device Type	Sensor/Transmitter	
8	ABC	DI	DEXCOM G7 3732xxxxxxxx	1	MANUF	Manufacturer	Dexcom	
9	ABC	DI	DEXCOM G7 3732xxxxxxxx	1	SERIAL	Serial Number	3732xxxxxxxx	
10	ABC	DI	DEXCOM G7 CGM 3732xxxxxxxx	1	DEVTYPE	Device Type	CGM	
11	ABC	DI	DEXCOM G7 CGM 3732xxxxxxxx	1	MANUF	Manufacturer	Dexcom	



### **Digital Endpoints**

#### Draft Example 1: Continuous Glucose Monitoring

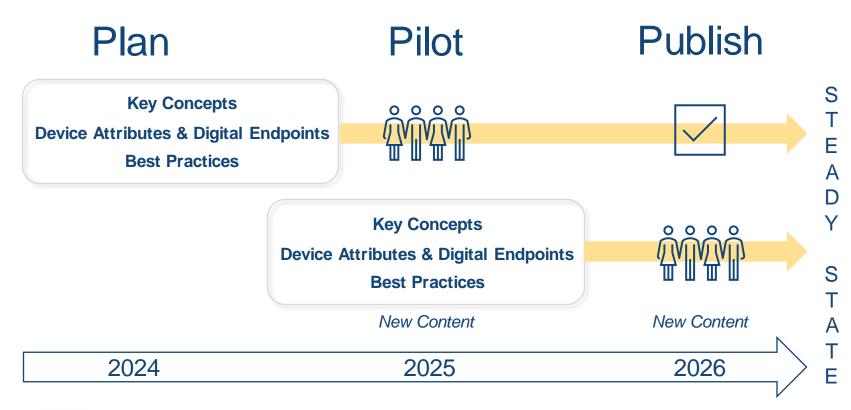
This example shows findings from assessments of estimates of blood glucose from a continuous glucose monitor (CGM) with the purpose of supporting DiMe Endpoint 125, "CGM % Time 70-180 mg/dl," in a clinical trial. The device data needed for the trial is specified in the study protocol.

#### lb.xpt

Ro	v STUDYID	USUBJID	SPDEVID	LBSEQ	LBREFID	LBTESTCD	LBTEST	<b>LBORRES</b>	LBORRESU	LBSPEC	LBMETHOD	LBANMETH	LBDTC
1	ABC	ABC-001	DEXCOM G7 CGM 3732xxxxxxxx	1	3732xxxxxxxx- 1684	EGV	Estimated Glucose Value	82	mg/dL	INTERSTITIAL FLUID	BIOSENSOR	ALGORITHM	2023-06- 15T08:00:56
2	ABC	ABC-001	DEXCOM G7 CGM 3732xxxxxxxx	2	3732xxxxxxxx- 1984	EGV	Estimated Glucose Value	89	mg/dL	INTERSTITIAL FLUID	BIOSENSOR	ALGORITHM	2023-06- 15T08:05:56
3	ABC	ABC-001	DEXCOM G7 CGM 3732xxxxxxxx	3	3732xxxxxxxx- 1684	EGV	Estimated Glucose Value	94	mg/dL	INTERSTITIAL FLUID	BIOSENSOR	ALGORITHM	2023-06- 15T08:10:57



#### **Framework**





### A Path to Community Benefit



Resource development helps to address current community needs and supports adoption of DHTs.



Piloting supports real-time content release and is comparable to an extended Public Review where content is used with real-time feedback



A steady-state framework empowers the community to develop content in real-time per innovation and evolving needs.



# Please join us!

Become a volunteer

www.cdisc.org/volunteer

https://dimesociety.org/get-involved/





Thank You!

