

### **Analysis Results Standard Workshop**

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# **ARS Workshop Follow Along!**

- <u>https://tinyurl.com/ARS-Model</u>
- <u>https://tinyurl.com/ARS-UG</u>
- <u>https://tinyurl.com/ARS-Workshop</u>

Conference Wi-Fi Password: cdisc2023





## Agenda

- Project Background
- Overview of ARS Model and User Guide
- Hackathon Read Out
- Getting Started with ARS: Example
- Q&A

### **CDISC Foundational Standards**



Table 4.2.2: HbA1c Longitudinal Repeated Measures Analysis Results Metadata						
Metadata Field	Metadata					
DISPLAY IDENTIFIER	Table 4.2.1/Figure 4.2.1					
DISPLAY NAME	Mean Change from Baseline in HbA1c (Percent) Longitudinal Repeated Measures Analysis, 24-Week Short-term Double-blind Treatment					
	Period, Intention-to-treat Population					
RESULT IDENTIFIER	Treatment difference results (LSMean, confidence interval, p-value)					
PARAM	HbA1c (%)					
PARAMCD	HBA1C					
ANALYSIS VARIABLE	CHG (Change from baseline)					
ANALYSIS REASON	SPECIFIED IN SAP					
ANALYSIS PURPOSE	PRIMARY OUTCOME MEASURE					
ANALYSIS DATASET	ADHBA1C					



### **ARM for Define.XML**

# **Analysis Results Key Objectives**



Leverage analysis results metadata to drive the automation of results



Support storage, access, processing, traceability and reproducibility of results

### **Analysis Results Standards Key Results**





Logical model that describes analysis results and associated metadata

User Guide to illustrate and exercise model with common safety displays

### Focus on Concepts, Not Layout

- Focus on concepts presented in data displays not on subjective layout and formatting of displays
- Representative displays therefore condense concepts
- For example, side-by-side Visit and Changefrom-baseline summaries consolidates more concepts into an easy-to-read summary table

Parameter (Units) Visit	Treatment X (N=XX)	Treatment Y (N=XX)	Total (N=XX)	
<parameter 1=""> (<unit>)</unit></parameter>				
Baseline				
n	XX	XX	XX	
Mean (SD)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	
Median	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	
Q1, Q3	XX.X, XX.X	XX.X, XX.X	XX.X, XX.X	
Min, Max	XX, XX	XX, XX	XX, XX	
< Visit n >				
n	XX	XX	XX	
Mean (SD)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	
Median	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	
Q1, Q3	XX.X, XX.X	XX.X, XX.X	XX.X, XX.X	
Min, Max	XX, XX	XX, XX	XX, XX	
< Visit n Change from Baseline >				
n	XX	XX	XX	
Mean (SD)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	
Median 🚽	XX.X	XX.X	XX.X	
Q1, Q3 🔻	XX.X, XX.X	XX.X, XX.X	xx.x, xx.x	
Min, Max	xx, xx	xx, xx	xx, xx	

	Treat	tment X	Treat	ment Y	Total (N=XX)		
Parameter (Units)	(N	=XX)	(N:	=XX)	(	)	
Visit	Observed	CFB	Observed	CFB	Observed	CFB	
<parameter 1=""> (<unit>)</unit></parameter>							
Baseline							
n	XX		XX		XX		
Mean (SD)	XX.X (XX.XX)		XX.X (XX.XX)		XX.X (XX.XX)		
Median	XX.X		xx.x		XX.X		
Q1, Q3	xx.x, xx.x		xx.x, xx.x		xx.x, xx.x		
Min, Max	xx, xx		XX, XX		xx, xx		
💻		$\rightarrow$					
<visit n=""></visit>							
n	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX	xx	
Mean (SD)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	
Median	xx.x	xx.x	xx.x	xx.x	xx.x	xx.x	
Q1, Q3	xx.x, xx.x	xx.x, xx.x	XX.X, XX.X	xx.x, xx.x	XX.X, XX.X	XX.X, XX.X	
Min, Max	xx, xx	XX, XX	XX, XX	xx, xx	xx, xx	XX, XX	



### **FDA Standard Safety Tables and Figures: Integrated Guide**



### STANDARD SAFETY TABLES AND FIGURES:

### INTEGRATED GUIDE

Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER)

Biomedical Informatics and Regulatory Review Science (BIRRS) Team

Please email ONDbiomedicalInformatics@fda.hhs.gov with any questions.

Version Date: August 2022

	Drug Name	Drug Name			Total
	Dosage X	Dosage Y	Placebo	Active Control	Population
	N = XXX				
Characteristic	n (%)				
Sex, n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)
Male	n (%)				
Female	n (%)				
Age, years	X.X (Y.Y)				
Mean (SD)	X.X (Y.Y)				
Median (min, max)	X.X (Y.Y, Z.Z)				
Age groups (years), n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)
≥17 to <65	n (%)				
>65	n (%)				
≥65 to <75	n (%)				
≥75	n (%)				
Race, n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)	n (%)
American Indian or Alaska Native Asian	n (%)				
Black or African American	n (%)				
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	n (%)				
White	n (%)				
Other	n (%)				

Source: [include Applicant source, datasets and/or software tools used].

<sup>1</sup> Difference is shown between [treatment arms] (e.g., difference is shown between Drug Name dosage X vs. placebo). Abbreviations: N, number of patients in treatment arm; n, number of patients with given characteristic; SD, standard deviation



### **Analysis Results Standard Model and User Guide**

### https://cdisc-org.github.io/analysis-results-standard/

alysis Results Standard (A	RS)	Q Search
Analysis Results Standard (ARS) Schema Diagram Classes	Analysis Results Standard (ARS) DRAFT Logical model to support both the prospective specification of analyses and the fully context representation of the results of the analyses. URI: https://www.cdisc.org/ars/1-0 Name: ars_Idm	ualized
Slots Enumerations Fypes Subsets	Schema Diagram	
	Classes	

Classes provide templates for organizing data. Data objects instantiate classes in the schema. Each class has a set of slots (ake fields, attributes) that are applicable to it. See LinkML documentation for more information.

Class	Description
NamedObject	An object with a name
ReportingEvent	A set of analyses and outputs created to meet a specific reporting requiremen
NestedList	A list of items (analyses or outputs) that may be organized within sub-lists





https://wiki.cdisc.org/display/ARSP/Analysis+Results+User+Guide

# Wait, What About ARM for Define.XML?

- At this point, no changes to ARM for Define.XML
- Retrospective documentation to aid in traceability
- Fills a specific regulatory need





# **Release Plan**

### Version 1.0

- Logical Model
- User Guide
- Common safety examples based on team and FDA developed tables
  - Demographics
  - Adverse Events
  - Vital signs
- CDISC ARS Hackathon: July 12th, 2023
- CDISC Internal Review: August 18th, 2023
- CDISC Public Review: Through December 11th, 2023
- US Interchange Workshop: October 2023
- Anticipated Final Release: January 2023

# **Provide Public Review Comments!**

• https://www.cdisc.org/public-review/analysis-results-standard-v1-0

cdisc	New to	o CDISC Standards Educa	ation Resources Events	Membership Members Only
Foundational	Data Exchange	Therapeutic Areas	Standards	CDISC Library
BRIDG	CTR-XML	Alphabetical	Standards Roadmap	CDISC Library
PRM	Dataset-JSON	By Disease Area	Publications	Real World Data
SEND	Dataset-XML	Published User Guides	In Development	FHIR-CDISC
CDASH	Define-XML	Trial Master File	Public Reviews	Vaccine Administration
SDTM	LAB	TMF Reference Model	Standards in Development	
SDTMIG	ODM	Exchange Mechanism	CDISC 360	
ADaM	RDF	Line inger in annann	CORF	
QRS	SDM-XML		CDISC Biomedical Concepts	
Medical Devices	Terminology		Digital Data Flow	
Genomics	Glossary			
	Controlled Terminology			
	NSV Registry			





## What Is Next?: Adding Informative Content



ADaM Dataset



Analysis Results and Associated Metadata



**TFL Example** 

Planned Collaboration with PHUSE Safety Analytics Working Group



# **Overview of ARS Model and User Guide**

# Using LinkML to Create Analysis Results Model

• LinkML is a general-purpose modeling language that can be used with linked data, JSON, and other formalisms



Reference: https://www.slideshare.net/cmungall/linkml-intro-july-2022pptx



### ARS Model Representation using Mermaid Markdown (DRAFT)





### **Review Examples**



Source dataset: adsl, Generated on: DDMONYYYY:HH:MM Program: <pid>.sas, Output: <pid><cid>.rtf, Generated on: DDMONYYYY:HH:MM Source dataset: adae, Generated on: DDMONYYYY:HH:MM Program: <pid>.sas, Output: <pid><oid>.rtf, Generated on: DDMONYYYY:HH:MM



### **Review Examples**

### Summary of Demographics

Study - CDISC 360			Page x of
	Table 14.1.1 Summary of Demographics Safety Population		
Characteristics	Placebo (N=XX)	Xanomeline Low Dose (N=XX)	Xanomeline High Dose (N=XX)
Age (years)			
n	XX	XX	XX
Mean (SD)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)	XX.X (XX.XX)
Median	XX.X	XX.X	xx.x
Q1, Q3	XX.X, XX.X	XX.X, XX.X	XX.X, XX.X
Min, Max	XX, XX	XX, XX	XX, XX
Age Group, n (%)			
< 65 years	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)
≥ 65 years	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX (XX.X)
Gender, n (%)			
Male	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)
Female	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX (XX.X)
Ethnicity, n (%)			
Hispanic or Latino	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)
Not Hispanic or Latino	XX ( XX.X)	XX (XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)

Source dataset: adsl, Generated on: DDMONYYYY:HH:MM Program: <pid>.sas, Output: <pid><oid>.rtf, Generated on: DDMONYYYY:HH:MM

### Summary of TEAE by SOC and PT

Study - CDISC 360			Page x of y		
Summary of TEAE by	Table 14.3.1.1 Mary of TEAE by System Organ Class and Preferred Term Safety Population				
System Organ Class Freferred Term [a], n (%)	Placebo (N=XX)	Xanomeline Low Dose (N=XX)	Xanomeline High Dose (N=XX)		
Number of subjects with at least one event	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)		
<soc 1=""></soc>	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)		
<preferred 1="" term=""></preferred>	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)		
	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)		
<preferred n="" term=""></preferred>	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)		
<soc 2=""></soc>	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)		
<preferred 1="" term=""></preferred>	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)		
	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)		
<preferred n="" term=""></preferred>	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)		
Notes: TEAE=Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events Subjects are counted once within each [a] All investigators adverse events were cod	g. system organ class g Wed using MedDRA vers	and preferred term. sion xx.x.			
Source dataset: adae, Generated on: DDMONYYYY Program: <pid>.sas, Output: <pid><oid>.rtf, G</oid></pid></pid>	:HH:MM enerated on: DDMONY	YYY; HH; MM			





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### Analyses



This is the thing called "Task" or "Analysis" (e.g. CSR\_Primary, CSR\_Interim1, IDMC\_2020Q2,

ReportingEvent



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### Analysis Results

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ReportingEvent

a geration id	<ul> <li>resultGroup1 groupingle</li> </ul>	resultGroup1 groupId	resultGroup2 groupingId	resultGroup2 groupId	resultGroup3 groupingId	resultGroup3 groupId -	rawValu -	formattedVal -
n08.02_ChgBl_ByTrt Mth02_ContVar_ByGrp_1_n	AnlsGrouping_02_Trt	AnlsGrouping_02_Trt_1	AnlsGrouping 08 Param	AnlsGrouping_08_Param_1	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit 02	249	249
n08.02 ChgBl_ByTrt Mth02_ContVar_ByGrp_2_N	ean AnlsGrouping_02_Trt	AnlsGrouping_02_Trt_1	AnlsGrouping 08 Param	AnlsGrouping_08_Param_1	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit	AnlsGrouping_09_Visit_02	-3.3012	- 3.3
n08.02 ChgBl ByTrt Mth02 ContVar ByGrp 3 S	AnlsGrouping 02 Trt	AnlsGrouping 02 Trt 1	AnlsGrouping 08 Param	AnlsGrouping 08 Param 1	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit 02	14.60121	(14.60
n08.02 ChgBl ByTrt Mth02 ContVar ByGrp 4 N	edia "results": [		Grouping 08 Param	AnlsGrouping 08 Param 1	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit 02	-2	- 2.0
n08.02 ChgBl ByTrt Mth02 ContVar ByGrp 5 Q	. {		Grouping 08 Param	AnlsGrouping 08 Param 1	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit 02	-12	-12.0
n08.02 ChgBl ByTrt Mth02 ContVar ByGrp 6 C	"operationId": "Mt	h02_ContVar_ByGrp_1_n",	Grouping 08 Param	AnlsGrouping 08 Param 1	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit 02	4	4.0
n08.02 ChgBl ByTrt Mth02 ContVar ByGrp 7 M	n "resultGroups": [		Grouping 08 Param	AnlsGrouping 08 Param 1	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit 02	-38	-31
n08.02 ChgBl BvTrt Mth02 ContVar BvGrp 8 M	ax {		Grouping 08 Param	AnlsGrouping 08 Param 1	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit 02	40	4
n08.02 ChgBl BvTrt Mth02 ContVar BvGrp 1 n	"groupingId":	"AnlsGrouping_02_Trt",	Grouping 08 Param	AnlsGrouping 08 Param 1	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit 03	243	24
n08.02 ChgBl BvTrt Mth02 ContVar BvGrp 2 M	ean "groupId": "An	lsGrouping_02_Trt_1"	Grouping 08 Param	AnlsGrouping 08 Param 1	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit 03	-3.02469	- 3.
n08.02 ChgBl ByTrt Mth02 ContVar ByGrp 3 S	},		Grouping 08 Param	AnlsGrouping 08 Param 1	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit	AnlsGrouping 09 Visit 03	15 66829	(15.67
n08.02_chgBl_ByTrt Mth02_contVar_ByGrp_4_M	adia {		Grouping 08 Param	AnisGrouping_08_Param_1	AnisGrouping 09 Visit	AnisGrouping_09_Visit_03	-2	- 2
n08.02_chgBl_ByTrt Mth02_contVar_ByGrp_4_0	"groupingId":	"AnlsGrouping_08_Param"	3 Grouping 08 Param	AnisGrouping_08_Param_1	AnisGrouping_09_Visit	AnisGrouping_09_Visit_03	-12	-12
n08.02_chgBl_byTrt Mth02_contVar_byGrp_5_d	"groupId": "An	lsGrouping_08_Param_1"	Grouping_08_Param	Anisorouping_08_Param_1	Anisorouping_09_Visit	Anisorouping_09_Visit_03	-12	-12.
n08.02_ChgBl_ByTrt Nith02_ContVar_ByGrp_6_C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Grouping_08_Param	Anisorouping_08_Param_1	AnisGrouping_09_Visit	AnisGrouping_09_Visit_03	10	0.
n08.02_CngBi_ByTrt Nith02_Contvar_ByGrp_7_W	n {		Brouping_08_Param	AnisGrouping_08_Param_1	AnisGrouping_09_Visit	AnisGrouping_09_Visit_03	-48	-4
nu8.u2_CngBI_ByTrt  Mitnu2_Contvar_ByGrp_8_N	"groupingId":	"AnlsGrouping 09 Visit"	srouping_08_Param	AnisGrouping_08_Param_1	AnisGrouping_09_Visit	AnisGrouping_09_Visit_03	50	
"rawValue": "14",	"groupId": "An	lsGrouping 09 Visit 02"	ReferencedOperationRelationship	1	style	display	Sections each is a	
<pre></pre>	<pre>], "rawValue": "249", "formattedValue": " }, Tr t_1 "operationId": "Mtl "resultGroups": [ { _Ag eGp } "groupingId": "An }, {</pre>	"249" h02_ContVar_ByGrp_2_Mea "AnlsGrouping_02_Trt", IsGrouping_02_Trt_1" "AnlsGrouping_08_Param" IsGrouping_08_Param_1" "AnlsGrouping_09_Visit" IsGrouping_09_Visit_02" 1204819",	n", any at a second at a seco	Intervention In	In the face of more and the face of the fa	Body Title body Body Title body In a Title In control of the co	sectoritype secto	his one or more each is a Disposablect displayMake each is a DisplayMake each is a
cdisc	<pre>}, {     "operationId": "Mtl     "resultGroups": [</pre>	h02_ContVar_ByGrp_3_SD"	,					25

# **Concepts, Not Layout**

Analysis ID:	An03.2_AgeGrp_ByTrt						
Display Value:	formattedValue						
			AnlsGrouping_02_Trt	Treatment	Placebo	Xanomeline Low Dose	Xanomeline High Dose
		AnlsGrouping_03_AgeGp	Mth01_CatVar_ByGrp				
		Age Group	Operation				
		< 65 years	n		14	8	11
		< 65 years	8		( 16.3)	( 9.5)	( 13.1)
		≥ 65 years	n		72	76	73
		≥ 65 years	90		(83.7)	( 90.5)	( 86.9)

Analysis ID:	An03.2_AgeGrp_ByTrt								
Display Value:	formattedValue								
		AnlsGrouping_02_Trt	Treatment	Placebo	Placebo	Xanomeline Low Dose	Xanomeline Low Dose	Xanomeline High Dose	Xanomeline High Dose
		Mth01_CatVar_ByGrp	Operation	n	8	n	8	n	8
		AnlsGrouping_03_AgeGp							
		Age Group							
		< 65 years		14	( 16.3)	8	( 9.5)	11	(13.1)
		≥ 65 years		72	(83.7)	76	(90.5)	73	(86.9)

Analysis ID:	An03.2_AgeGrp_ByTrt					
Display Value:	formattedValue					
			Mth01_CatVar_ByGrp	Operation	n	96
		AnlsGrouping_02_Trt	AnlsGrouping_03_AgeGp			
		Treatment	Age Group			
		Placebo	< 65 years		14	( 16.3)
		Placebo	≥ 65 years		72	(83.7)
		Xanomeline Low Dose	< 65 years		8	( 9.5)
		Xanomeline Low Dose	≥ 65 years		76	( 90.5)
		Xanomeline High Dose	< 65 years		11	( 13.1)
		Xanomeline High Dose	≥ 65 years		73	(86.9)



### Outputs





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#### List of Planned Analyses/Outputs







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### Implementations

> Mth02 ContVar ByGrp 7 Min: Minimum (Min) > Mth02 ContVar ByGrp 8 Max: Maximum (Max) 1.3. Summary of Subjects by Treatment and Age Group Analysis: An03.02 AgeGrp ByTrt Population: Safety Population [ADSL.SAFFL EQ 'Y'] Groupings: 1. Treatment: 1. Placebo [ADSL.TRT01A EQ 'Placebo'] 2. Xanomeline Low Dose [ADSL.TRT01A EQ 'Xanomeline Low Dose'] 3. Xanomeline High Dose [ADSL.TRT01A EQ 'Xanomeline High Dose'] 2. Age Group: 1. < 65 years [ADSL.AGEGR1 EQ '<65'] 2. ≥ 65 years [ADSL.AGEGR1 IN ('65-80', '>80')] Analysis Variable: ADSL.USUBJID Method: Summary by group of a categorical variable Operations: > Mth01\_CatVar\_ByGrp\_1\_n: Count of subjects (n) > Mth01 CatVar ByGrp 2 pct: Percent of subjects (%) - Numerator: result of operation Mth01 CatVar ByGrp 1 n for this analysis - Denominator: result of operation Mth01 CatVar ByGrp 1 n for analysis An01.05 SAF ByTrt 1.4. Summary of Subjects by Treatment and Sex Analysis: An03.03 Sex ByTrt Population: Safety Population [ADSL.SAFFL EQ 'Y'] Groupings: 1. Treatment: 1. Placebo [ADSL.TRT01A EQ 'Placebo'] 2. Xanomeline Low Dose [ADSL.TRT01A EQ 'Xanomeline Low Dose'] 3. Xanomeline High Dose [ADSL.TRT01A EQ 'Xanomeline High Dose'] 2. Gender: 1. Male [ADSL.SEX EQ 'M'] 2. Female [ADSL.SEX EQ 'F']

### Analysis Results Standard Repo on GitHub

• https://github.com/cdisc-org/analysis-results-standard

	Q Search or jump to	requests issues Codespaces Marketplace Diplore	۵ +- 🕵
	cdisc-org / analysis-results-standarc     generated from cdisc-org/COSAHackathonTemplate	Q fait Pros	· ⊙ Unwatch 12 • ♀ fork 1 • ★ Starred 26 •
	↔ Code ⊙ Issues 105 th Pull requests	¥ Zenhub ସ) Discussions ⊙ Actions ⊞ Projects Ω Wiki ⊙ Security 🗠 Insights	
		P main - P 4 branches Q3 tags Go to file Add file Code - About	
	Model	This repository will be where all the committee of the co	Project:
_	viouei.	HowTos         Initial commit         8 months ago	Auto-generated
repres	sentations of	docs ARM elements and documentation updates 4 days ago     MIT license	content (Python
the m	odel (YAML.	🖿 documents Delete ICH guideline 5 months ago 😵 Code of conduct	
	N. Mormoid	images Add files via upload 4 months ago Ar Activity	classes/API,
120	n, Mermaiu	model ARM elements and documentation updates 4 days ago 12 watching	documentation.
ER, Y	(UML, SVG)	project ARM elements and documentation updates 4 days ago ¥ 1 fork	model structures)
		utilities/python     Adding ARM components and model documentation     2 weeks ago     Report repository	model structures)
		workfiles 744 elements and documentation updates 4 days ago	
		gittgnore Adding ARM components at model documentation 2 weeks ago	
		CODE OF CONDUCTING Update CODE OF CONDUCTING OF A STRONG S	
		Contributing of the c	
		README.md     Merge branch 'main' into admin-docs-patch-1     4 months ago	
Work	files: CMAP,	mkdocsyml     Adding ARM components and model documentation     2 weeks ago     No packages published     No packages published	Utilities:
e	xamples	E README.md	Example programs
		Description Contributors 3	
		The goals of CDISC Analysis Results Standards team is to develop:	
		Analysis Results Metadata Technical Specification (ARM-TS), to support automation, traceability, and creation of data displays     deta displays	

### **Analysis Results Standard Model Documentation**

<u>https://cdisc-org.github.io/analysis-results-standard/</u>

cdisc-org.github.io/analysis-results-sta	ndard/	ද් ව	
nalysis Results Standard (ARS		Q Search	
Analysis Results Standard (ARS) Classes Slots Enumerations Types	Analysis Result DRAFT Logical model to support both representation of the results of the ana URI: https://www.cdisc.org/ars/1-0 Nar Classes	s Standard (ARS) the prospective specification of analyses and the fully contextualized lyses. ne: ars_ldm	
Subsets	Class	Description	
	Analysis	An analysis that is designed to meet a requirement of the reporting event	
	AnalysisCategorization	A set of related implementer-defined categories that can be used to categoriz	
	AnalysisCategory	An implementer-defined category of analyses/outputs, which may include one or	
	AnalysisGroup	A subdivision of the subject population based on a defined factor (e	
	AnalysisMethod	A set of one or more statistical operations	
	AnalysisOutputProgrammingCode	Programming statements and/or a reference to the program used to perform a sp	





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# **Example Reporting Events**

- Common Safety Displays
  - Summary of Demographics
  - Overall Summary of Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events
  - Summary of TEAE by System Organ Class and Preferred Term
  - Summary of Observed and Change from Baseline by Scheduled Visits Vital Signs
  - Summary of Observed and Change from Baseline by Scheduled Visits Vital Signs <Vertical Layout>
- FDA STF
  - Table 2: Baseline Demographic and Clinical Characteristics, Safety Population





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### **User Guide**

### <u>https://wiki.cdisc.org/display/ARSP/Analysis+Results+User+Guide</u>

- **1** INTRODUCTION
- 1.1 Background and Purpose
- 1.2 Relationship to Other CDISC Standards
- 1.3 How to Read this Document

#### 2 ANALYSIS RESULTS MODEL

- 2.1 ReportingEvent
- 2.2 Common Components
- 2.2.1 NestedList
- 2.2.2 AnalysisOutputCategorization
- 2.2.3 ReferenceDocument
- 2.2.3.1 DocumentReference
- 2.2.4 TerminologyExtension
- 2.2.4.1 ExtensibleTerminologyTerm
- 2.2.5 AnalysisOutputProgrammingCode
- 2.3 Analysis Components
- 2.3.1 WhereClause
- 2.3.1.1 WhereClauseCondition
- 2.3.1.2 WhereClauseCompoundExpression
- 2.3.2 AnalysisSet
- 2.3.3 DataSubset
- 2.3.4 GroupingFactor
- 2.3.4.1 SubjectGroupingFactor
- 2.3.4.2 DataGroupingFactor
- 2.3.5 AnalysisMethod
- 2.3.5.1 Operation
- 2.3.5.2 AnalysisProgrammingCodeTemplate
- 2.3.6 Analysis
- 2.3.6.1 OperationResult

#### 2.4 Output Components

- 2.4.1 GlobalDisplaySection
- 2.4.2 Output
- 2.4.2.1 OutputDisplay

#### **3** Example Reporting Events

- 3.1 Common Safety Displays
- 3.1.1 Summary of Demographics
- 3.1.2 Overall Summary of Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events
- 3.1.3 Summary of TEAE by System Organ Class and Preferred Term
- 3.1.4 Summary of Observed and Change from Baseline by Scheduled Visits Vital Signs
- 3.1.5 Summary of Observed and Change from Baseline by Scheduled Visits Vital Signs <Vertical Layout>
- 3.2 FDA STF
- 3.2.1 Table 2: Baseline Demographic and Clinical Characteristics, Safety Population

#### APPENDICES

- Appendix A: Glossary and Abbreviations
- Appendix B: Representations and Warranties, Limitations of Liability, and Disclaimers



# **User Guide Page Layouts**

### **Class Descriptions**

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#### WhereClauseCondition Created by Richard Marshall, last modified on Aug 14, 2023 (i) Model Documentation Class: WhereClauseCondition The WhereClauseCondition class is used to define simple selection criteria conditions in the condition attribute of the WhereClause class (or any of its specializations). ER Diagram: WhereClauseCondition WhereClauseCondition dataset string string variable ConditionComparatorEnum comparator stringList value In each instance of the WhereClauseCondition class: The dataset attribute contains the name of the dataset in which the condition is being applied. The variable attribute contains the name of the variable (within the specified dataset) to which the condition applies. The comparator attribute contains a value from the ConditionComparatorEnum enumeration ("EQ" for "is equal to", "LT" for "is less than", etc.) to indicate how values o The value attribute specifies the selection value, or values, for comparison with values in the specified dataset variable, if the value of the comparator attribute is "IN" or "NOTIN", there should be at least 2 values specified in the value attribute; otherwise there should be no more than 1 value specified in the value attribute; • "EQ" or "NE", the value attribute may contain no value to indicate a condition based on a missing value (i.e., "is missing" or "is not missing" respectively). Example 1 This example shows an instance of the WhereClause class (or one of its specializations) that defines a simple condition based on a single specified selection value. The examp ADSL.SAFFL EO 'Y' Note that some attributes (such as the expected level and order attributes) have been excluded from this example. YAML Example condition: dataset: ADSL variable: SAFFL comparator: EO value: - Y This condition could be represented in tabular form as: dataset variable comparator value ADSL SAFFL EQ Y Other conditions based on a single value (i.e., with a comparator value of "EQ", "NE", "LT", "LE", "GT", or "GE") would be represented in a similar way.

### Example Reporting Events

Study - CDISC 360	Table 14.3.1.1		Page x of
Overall Summary of S.	Treatment-Emergent A stety Population	dverse Events	
Categories, n (%)	Placebo (N=XX)	Xanomeline Low Dose (N=XX)	Xanomeline High Dose (N=XX)
Number of subjects with at least one event			
TEAE	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( 3X.X)	XX ( XX.X:
Related TEAE	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)
Serious TEAE	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X:
Related Serious TEAE	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X:
TEAE Leading to Death	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)
Related TEAE Leading to Death	XX ( XX-X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)
TEAE Leading to Dose Modification (a)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)	XX ( XX.X)
WELE Transform for Weight Street All and the state of the	22 I 22 23	NN ( NN NI	XX 1 XX X1

Not	: TEAE-Treatment-H	Cmergent 7	Advers	e Events									
[a]	Dose Modification	includes	Dose	Reduced;	Drug	Interrupted	in	the AE	actics	taken	with	study	treatment.

Source dataset: adae, Generated on: DDMONTYTY:NN:MM Frogram: <pid>.sas, Output: <pid>.cid>.rtf, Generated on: DDMONTYTY:NN:NM

2. Overall Summary of Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events Output: Out 4-3-1-1 (Overall Summary of Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events) Documentation: > AE Summary Table Shell (/AE\_Summary\_Table\_Shell,pdf) Categories: > Adverse Events Output File(8): > RTF Format: 1(4-3-1-1-teae-summ (,) > PDF Format: 1(4-3-1-1-teae-summ (,) Displaysis: 1. Displa-3-1-1 (AE\_Summ) Display Title:

### Analysis Results Standard Application Programming Interface (API)



# ARS model will drive automation and opensource tool development



# **ARS Hackathon Readout**

## **CDISC ARS: Hackathon Objectives**







Drive adoption of CDISC Analysis Results Standard Foster open-source software tools for operationalization Leveraging hackathon learnings to enhance the standards





### **Hackathon Timeline**



39

# **ARS Model Supported Workflow and Entry Points**





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### **ARD Generator**

### Metadata-driven analysis using the Analysis Results Standard



20 September 2023 Karl Wallendszus, University of Oxford





# Analysis Results Data with {cards} R Package



September 20, 2023 Daniel D. Sjoberg



# Genentech

A Member of the Roche Group

# What do the results look like?

### •••

### library(cards)

```
# use the default set of stats (can easily be updated!)
ard_continuous(
    data = ADSL,
    variables = "AGE"
```

#>		variable	<pre>stat_name</pre>	<pre>stat_label</pre>	<pre>statistic_fmt_fn</pre>	statistic	warning	error	context
#>	1	AGE	Ν	N	XX	254	NULL	NULL	continuous
#>	2	AGE	length	Vector Length	ХХ	254	NULL	NULL	continuous
#>	3	AGE	mean	Mean	xx.x	75.08661	NULL	NULL	continuous
#>	4	AGE	sd	SD	xx.x	8.246234	NULL	NULL	continuous
#>	5	AGE	min	Min	xx.x	51	NULL	NULL	continuous
#>	6	AGE	max	Max	XX.X	89	NULL	NULL	continuous



## **Analysis Explorer**



20 September 2023 Dr Rosanna Cretney Oxford Population Health





# **Progress so far**

• MongoDB + REST API + React JS

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ta-driven:	Z	
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mps: (+)		
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# Analysis Results Standard (ARS) – Basic Front End



Driven from ADaM data set JSON files 20<sup>th</sup> September 2023 Paul Thomas, ASUP Ltd.



# Front End Application written in REACT + TypeScript utilizing ARS Model

(							
Data url	ps://raw.githubusercontent.com/cdisc-org/DataExchange-DatasetJson/master/examples/adam/adsl.json						
studyOID	TDF_ADaM.ADaMIG.1.1						
metaDataVersionOID	MDV.TDF_ADaM.ADaMIG.1.1	Chau Oltama O Data @ Summan, tabla					
name	ADSL	show O items O Data O summary table					
label	Subject-Level Analysis						

#### Summary table for: ADSL

(ab6a7e7e-5580-44...

TRT01A

TRT01AN

Treatment

⊕ analysis



	0 filters applied			Load	Save ① ARS
		Placebo	Xanomeline Low Dose	Xanomeline High Dose	Total
	BMIBL				
)	n	n(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Placebo"])	n(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Xanomeline Low Dose"])	n(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Xanomeline High Dose"])	n(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Total"])
	pct	pct(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Placebo"])	pct(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Xanomeline Low Dose"])	pct(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Xanomeline High Dose"])	pct(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Total"])
	mean	mean(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Placebo"])		mean(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Xanomeline High Dose"])	mean(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Total"])
	sd (Baseline BMI sd (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Placebo"])		sd(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Xanomeline Low Dose"])	sd(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Xanomeline High Dose"])	sd(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Total"])
	p0	p0(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Placebo"])	p0(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Xanomeline Low Dose"])	p0(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Xanomeline High Dose"])	p0(Baseline BMI (kg/m^2) x Treatment["Total"])



### What the ARS Model can do for us



ARS Hackathon Results Sharing 20 September 2023 Malan Bosman



### What if I told you...



cdisc

each result for all outputs in a study Can be calculated...

- with one click
- referencing only metadata
- using open-source technology

# Now, it's possible!



# **Contact Details**

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