

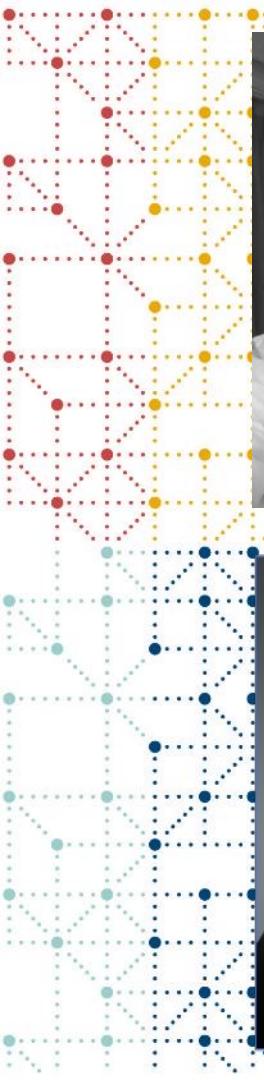


2023
EUROPE
INTERCHANGE
COPENHAGEN | 26-27 APRIL



The Development of CDISC Biomedical Concepts: Update and Next Steps

Presented by Jon Neville, Senior Director Standards Development, CDISC
Bess LeRoy, Head of Standards Innovation, CDISC



Meet the Speakers

Jon Neville

Title: Senior Director, Standards Development

Organization: CDISC

Jon Neville has 14 years' experience implementing and developing CDISC standards. He has led, co-led, or otherwise participated in many CDISC therapeutic-area data standards projects. Jon got his start in CDISC standards leading a legacy data conversion effort to create an integrated database of 24 Alzheimer's disease clinical trials. He has been participating on CDISC teams since 2010

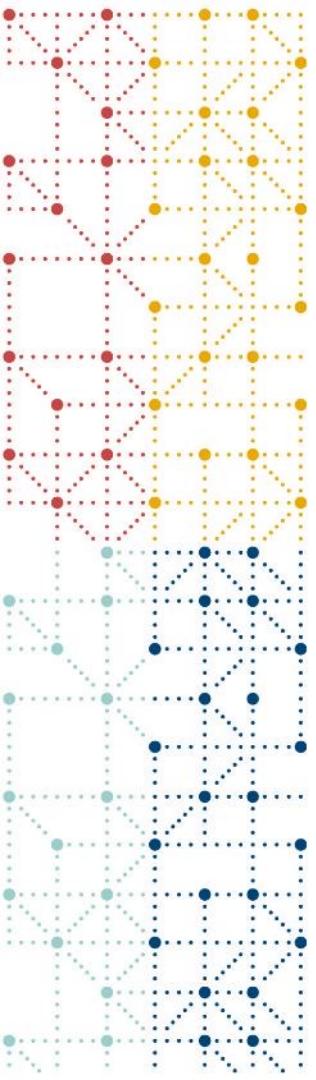
Bess LeRoy

Title: Head of Standards Innovation

Organization: CDISC

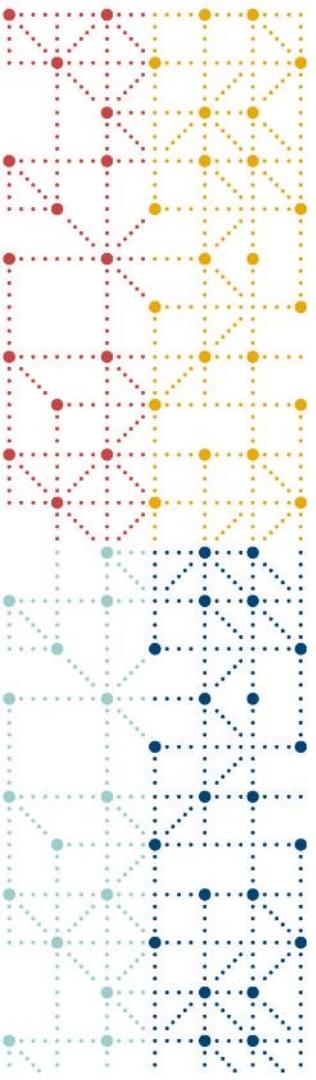
Bess LeRoy is the Head of Standards Development at CDISC. Bess has been a CDISC team member since 2011. She has over 15 years' experience working in public health research and has held positions at the Framingham Heart Study, the Rotterdam Study, the Arizona Cancer Center, and the Critical Path Institute.





Agenda

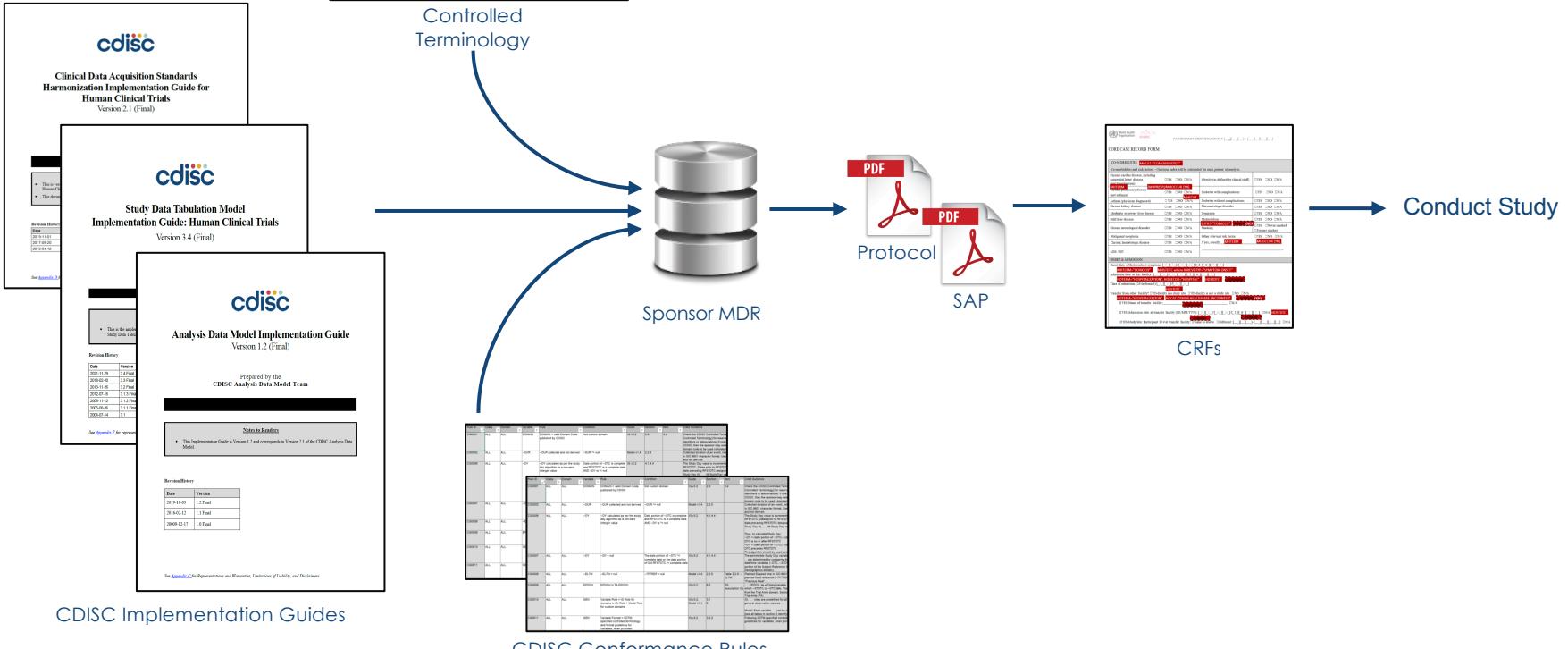
1. Background
2. CDISC Biomedical Concepts
3. Use Cases
4. Looking Towards The Future



Background

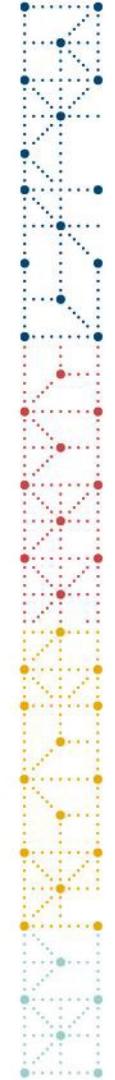
What are biomedical concepts?

How Standards Have Been Historically Implemented



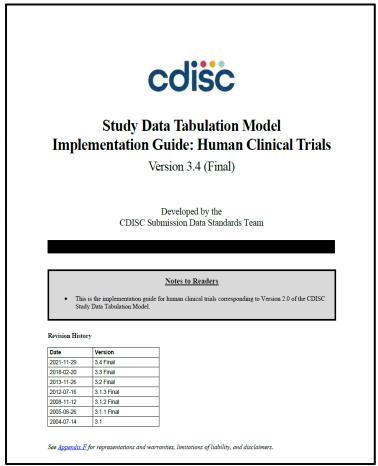
CDISC Implementation Guides





Simple Example...

Representing vital signs in SDTM using this approach



SDTMIG: 461 pages

Controlled Terminology

**Controlled Terminology:
>35,000 terms in almost
1000 code lists**

6.3.17 Vital Signs

VS – Description/Overview

A findings domain that contains measurements including but not limited to blood pressure, temperature, respiration, body surface area, body mass index, height and weight.

VS – Specification

vs.xpt, Vital Signs — Findings, Version 3.3. One record per vital sign measurement per time point per visit per subject, Tabulation.

Variable Name	Variable Label	Type	Controlled terms, definitions, or format?	Role	CDS/C Notes	Co
STUDID	Study Identifier	Char	Identifier	Unique identifier for a study.	None	
DOMAN	Domain Identifier	Char	Identifier	Two-character abbreviation for the domain.	None	
SUBJID	User Subject Identifier	Char	Identifier	Identifier used to uniquely identify a subset across all studies for all publications or submissions.	None	
VSEQID	Sequence Number	Num	Identifier	Identifier used to ensure uniqueness of subject records within a domain. May be any valid number.	None	
VSPRID	Sponsor-Defined Identifier	Char	Identifier	Used to tie together a block of related records in a dataset.	None	
VTESTCD	Vital Signs Test Short Name	Char	VTESTCD	Topic	Short name of the measurement, test, or examination.	None
VTEST	Vital Signs Test Name	Char	VTEST	Qualifier	Variable name of the test or examination used to define the measurement. The value in VTEST cannot be longer than 8 characters, nor can it start with a number (e.g., "1TEST" is invalid). It can contain letters, numbers, underscores, and other letters, numbers, or underscores. Examples: "Systolic Blood Pressure", "Diastolic Blood Pressure", "Temperature".	None
VSCAT	Category for Vital Signs	Char	VSCAT	Qualifying Qualifier	Used to define the category of related results.	None
VSPCAT	Subcategory for Vital Signs	Char	VSPCAT	Qualifying Qualifier	A further categorization of a measurement or examination.	None
VSPPOS	Position of Vital Signs	Char	VSPPOS	Position	Used to define the position of the subject during a measurement or examination. Example: "SURINE", "STANDING".	None
VSORRES	Result or Finding in Original Units	Char	VSORRES	Result Qualifier	Result of the vital sign measurement as originally recorded or collected.	None
VSORRESU	Original Units	Char	VSRESU	Unit Qualifier	Units in which the vital signs were collected. The same as VSORRES. Examples: "in", "LB".	None
VSSTRESO	Character Result/Finding in Std Format	Char	VSSTRESO	Result Qualifier	Contains the result value for a character, copied or derived from VSORRES in a standard format. This is typically used for results that are numeric or findings in character format, if results are numeric, they must be converted to character format via VSSTRESO. For example, if a test has results "HIGH", "NEG", and "NEGATIVE" in VSORRES, these values could be converted to character format, they could be represented in standard character format.	None

Vital Signs Domain: Specification for how to construct vital signs data

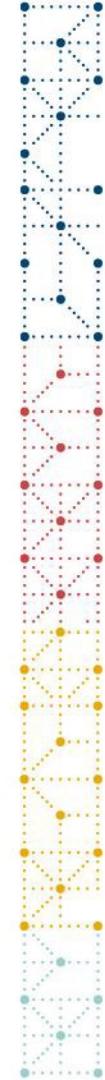
vs.xpt		Row	STUDYID	DOMAIN	USUBJID	VSSSEQ	VTESTCD	VTEST	VSPOS	VSORRES	VSORRESU	VSSTRSC	VSSTRSN	VSSTRSU	VSSTAT	VSREASND	VSLOC	VSLOBXFL	VISITNUM	VISIT	VISITDY	VSDTC	VSDV
1	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	1	SYSBP	Systolic Blood Pressure	SITTING	154	mmHg	154	154	mmHg				BRACHIAL ARTERY	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1080:45	1
2	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	2	DIABP	Diastolic Blood Pressure	SITTING	44	mmHg	44	44	mmHg				BRACHIAL ARTERY	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1080:45	1
3	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	3	HEIGHT	Height		157	cm	157	157	cm					Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1	1
4	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	4	WEIGHT	Weight		90.5	kg	90.5	90.5	kg					Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1	1
5	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	5	PULSE	Pulse Rate		72	beats/min	72	72	beats/min				CAROTID ARTERY	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1	1
6	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	6	RESP	Respiratory Rate		34	breaths/min	34	34	breaths/min					Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1	1
7	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	7	TEMP	Temperature		37.1	C	37.1	37.1	C				EAR	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1	1

Vital Signs Dataset

**Repeat 100s of times
for all your study data
concepts...**

CORE RECORD FORM	
DISABILITY INFORMATION	
Disability information is included by each point of service.	
Health services received, including medical, dental, optometry, podiatry, audiology, and other health services	1300 - 1399
Other services received, including medical, dental, optometry, podiatry, audiology, and other health services	1400 - 1499
Number of days of hospitalization	1500 - 1599
Number of days of institutionalization	1600 - 1699
Number of days of home care	1700 - 1799
Number of days of respite care	1800 - 1899
Number of days of day care	1900 - 1999
Number of days of respite home care	2000 - 2099
Number of days of respite day care	2100 - 2199
Number of days of respite institutional care	2200 - 2299
Number of days of respite hospital care	2300 - 2399
Number of days of respite medical services	2400 - 2499
Number of days of respite dental services	2500 - 2599
Number of days of respite optometry services	2600 - 2699
Number of days of respite podiatry services	2700 - 2799
Number of days of respite audiology services	2800 - 2899
Number of days of respite other health services	2900 - 2999
Number of days of respite medical services	3000 - 3099
Number of days of respite dental services	3100 - 3199
Number of days of respite optometry services	3200 - 3299
Number of days of respite podiatry services	3300 - 3399
Number of days of respite audiology services	3400 - 3499
Number of days of respite other health services	3500 - 3599
Number of days of respite medical services	3600 - 3699
Number of days of respite dental services	3700 - 3799
Number of days of respite optometry services	3800 - 3899
Number of days of respite podiatry services	3900 - 3999
Number of days of respite audiology services	4000 - 4099
Number of days of respite other health services	4100 - 4199
DISABILITY INFORMATION	
1300 - 1399	
1400 - 1499	
1500 - 1599	
1600 - 1699	
1700 - 1799	
1800 - 1899	
1900 - 1999	
2000 - 2099	
2100 - 2199	
2200 - 2299	
2300 - 2399	
2400 - 2499	
2500 - 2599	
2600 - 2699	
2700 - 2799	
2800 - 2899	
2900 - 2999	
3000 - 3099	
3100 - 3199	
3200 - 3299	
3300 - 3399	
3400 - 3499	
3500 - 3599	
3600 - 3699	
3700 - 3799	
3800 - 3899	
3900 - 3999	
4000 - 4099	
4100 - 4199	

CRF



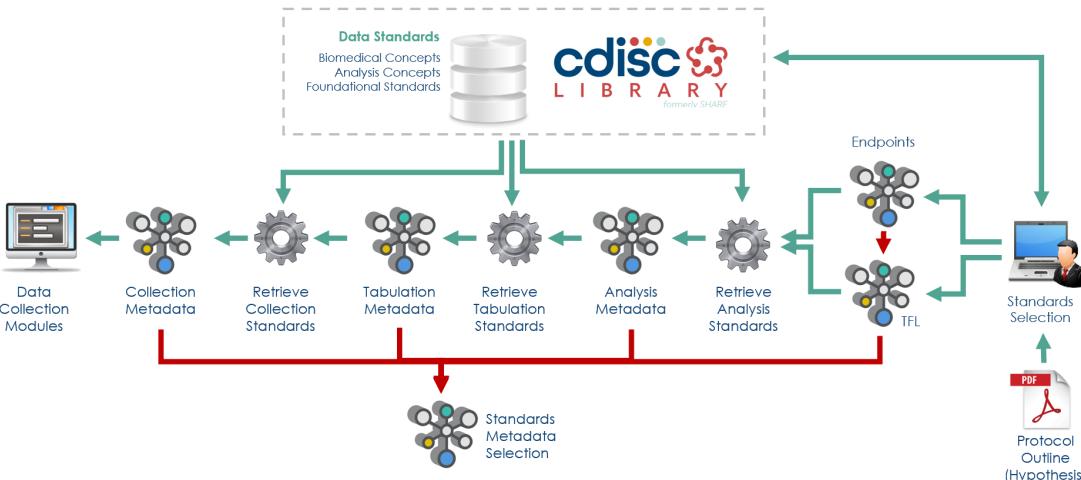
The Problem with This Approach

- Labor-intensive; requires extensive knowledge of standards documents
- Subject to interpretation (and therefore, *misinterpretation*)
- Can result in inconsistent implementation

The intense effort required is a barrier to standards adoption

How We Evolve: CDISC Library

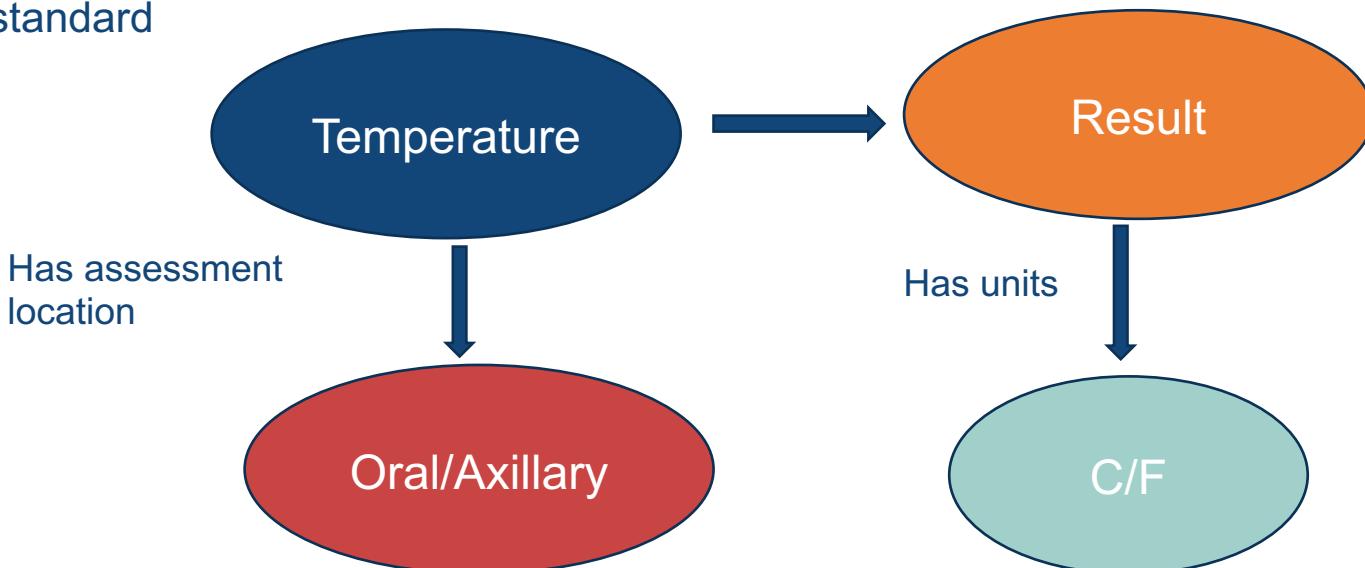
- Electronically publish data standards as groups of linked metadata
- Define relationships between variables, associated terminology codelists, and linkages across standards
- ***CDISC 360 Piloted development of linked biomedical concept metadata to enable end to end automation***



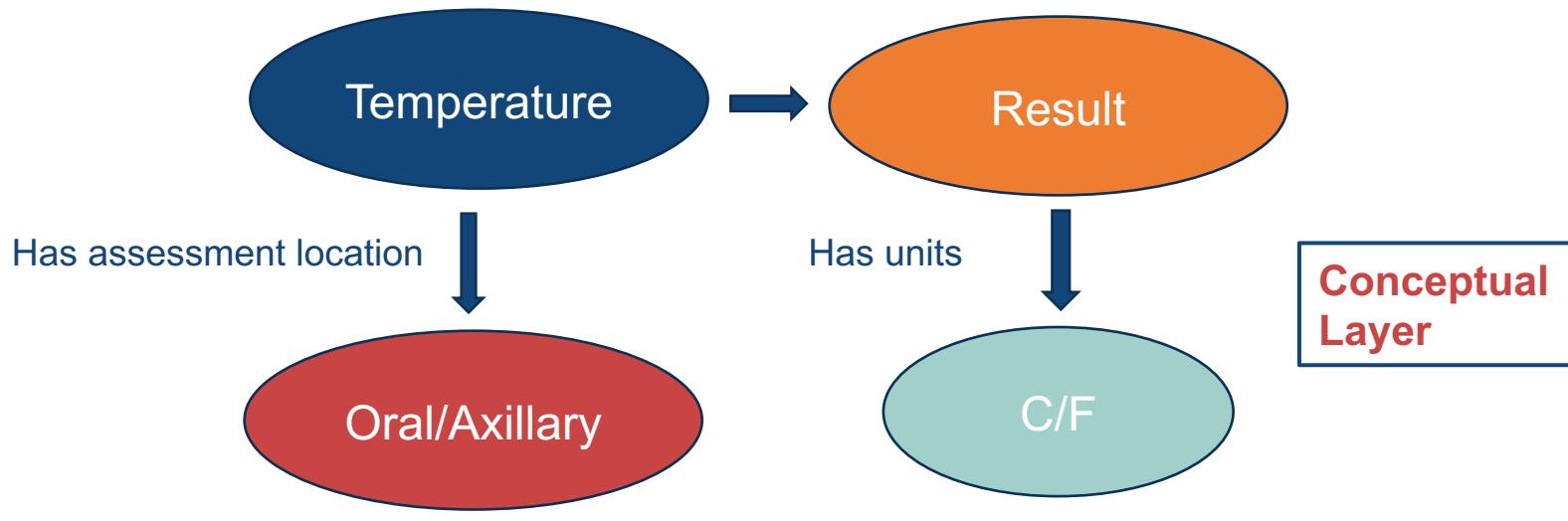
What is a Biomedical Concept (BC)?

ISO 11179 Definition: *A unit of knowledge created by a unique combination of characteristics*

- Independent of study
- Independent of a representation in any standard, but can be tethered to a standard

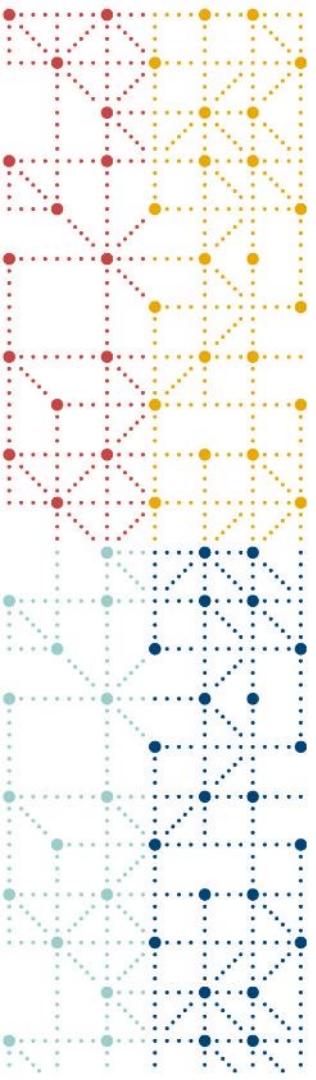


What Is a Biomedical Concept (BC)?

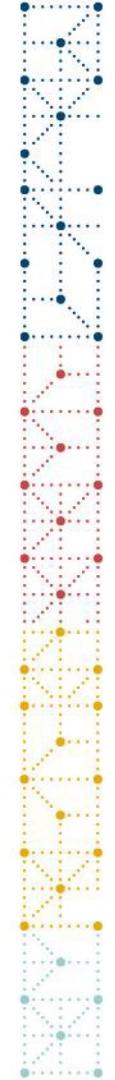


VSTEST	VSTESTCD	VSORRES	VSUNIT	VSLOC
Temperature	TEMP	101.3	F	ORAL

Implementation
Layer



CDISC Biomedical Concepts



What are CDISC Biomedical Concepts?

A pragmatic, iterative approach to creating biomedical concepts with a focus on providing tangible value for the CDISC community

Key Objectives:

- Reduce barriers to operational implementation
- Reduce variability in standards implementations
- Increase metadata-driven automation

Key Components of CDISC BCs

Conceptual Layer

Implementation Layer

Logical Data Model

Conceptual Layer

- Rooted in NCI Hierarchy
- Consistent reference definitions provide consistent meaning across studies, all phases of development
- Data standard agnostic
- All indexed by C-Codes
- Provides for consistency in standards implementation



BC Curation Template (Conceptual Layer)

package_date	bc_categories	bc_id	ncit_code	parent_bc_id	short_name	synonyms	result_scale	definition	system	system_name	code	dec_id	ncit_dec_code	dec_label	data_type	example_set
2022-10-26	Vital Signs; Body Measurements	C164634	C164634		Body Height	Height	Quantitative	The vertical measurement or distance from the base to the top of a subject or participant.	http://loinc.org/	LOINC	8302-2					
2022-10-26	Vital Signs; Body Measurements	C164634	C164634		Body Height							C173522	C173522	Vital Signs Result	decimal	
2022-10-26	Vital Signs; Body Measurements	C164634	C164634		Body Height							C168688	C168688	Unit of Height	string	Centimeter; Inch; Millimeter; Meter
2022-10-26	Vital Signs; Body Measurements	C81328	C81328		Body Weight	Weight	Quantitative	The weight of a subject.	http://loinc.org/	LOINC	29463-7					
2022-10-26	Vital Signs; Body Measurements	C81328	C81328		Body Weight							C173522	C173522	Vital Signs Result	decimal	
2022-10-26	Vital Signs; Body Measurements	C81328	C81328		Body Weight							C48208	C48208	Unit of Weight	string	Kilogram; Gram; Pound

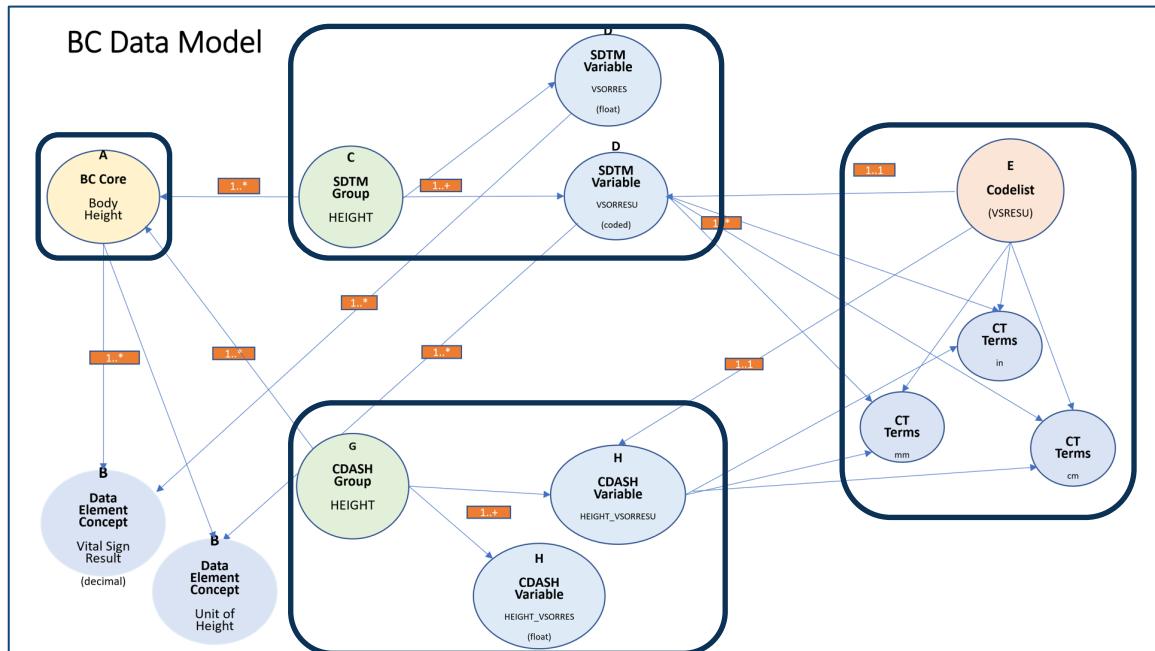
SDTM BC Curation Template (Implementation Layer)

(a subset of model attributes shown)

package_date	bc_id	dec_id	sdtmig_start_version	sdtmig_end_version	domain	vlm_source	vlm_group_id	short_name	sdtm_variable	codelist	codelist_submission_value	value_list	assigned_term	assigned_value
2022-10-26	C164634			3-2	VS	VS.VTESTCD	HEIGHT	Height	VTESTCD	C66741	VTESTCD		C25347	HEIGHT
2022-10-26	C164634			3-2	VS	VS.VTESTCD	HEIGHT	Height	VTEST	C67153	VTEST		C25347	Height
2022-10-26	C164634	C173522	3-2		VS	VS.VTESTCD	HEIGHT	Height	VSORRES					
2022-10-26	C164634	C168688	3-2		VS	VS.VTESTCD	HEIGHT	Height	VSORRESU	C66770	VSRESU	in; cm; m		
2022-10-26	C164634	C173522	3-2		VS	VS.VTESTCD	HEIGHT	Height	VSSTRESP					
2022-10-26	C164634	C173522	3-2		VS	VS.VTESTCD	HEIGHT	Height	VSSTRESPN					
2022-10-26	C164634	C168688	3-2		VS	VS.VTESTCD	HEIGHT	Height	VSSTRESPU	C66770	VSRESU			
											VTEST			
2022-10-26	C81328			3-2	VS	VS.VTESTCD	WEIGHT	Weight	VTESTCD	C66741	VTESTCD		C25208	WEIGHT
2022-10-26	C81328			3-2	VS	VS.VTESTCD	WEIGHT	Weight	VTEST	C67153	VTEST		C25208	Weight
2022-10-26	C81328	C173522	3-2		VS	VS.VTESTCD	WEIGHT	Weight	VSORRES					
2022-10-26	C81328	C48208	3-2		VS	VS.VTESTCD	WEIGHT	Weight	VSORRESU	C66770	VSRESU	kg; LB; g		
2022-10-26	C81328	C173522	3-2		VS	VS.VTESTCD	WEIGHT	Weight	VSSTRESP					
2022-10-26	C81328	C173522	3-2		VS	VS.VTESTCD	WEIGHT	Weight	VSSTRESPN					
2022-10-26	C81328	C48208	3-2		VS	VS.VTESTCD	WEIGHT	Weight	VSSTRESPU	C66770	VSRESU			

Logical Data Model

- Concept specific value level metadata
- Add explicit relationships between variables
- Additional operational metadata, e.g., data type, format, etc.
- Creation of structured machine-readable YAML files validated with conformance rules
- Searchable and retrievable via CDISC Library APIs



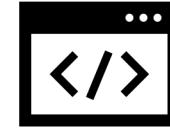
Focus on your data. Let the standards come to YOU



Your data “shopping list”



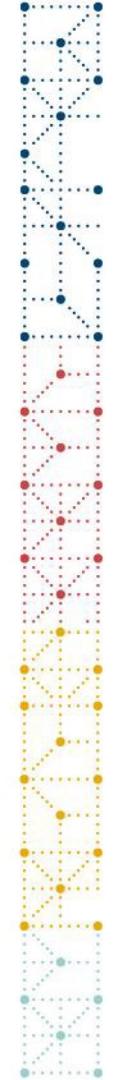
CDISC
Library



Retrieve your BCs as
machine-readable files



USUBJID	VSEQ	VSTESTCD	VTEST	VSPOS	VSORRES	VSORRESU	VSSTREC	VSSTRESN	VSSTRESU	VSSTAT	VSREASND	VSLOC
	VSEQ	VSTESTCD	VTEST	VSPOS	VSORRES	VSORRESU	VSSTREC	VSSTRESN	VSTRESU	VSSTAT	VSREASND	VSLOC
		Systolic Blood Pressure	SITTING	154	mmHg					BRACHIAL ARTERY	Y	1
		Diastolic Blood Pressure	SITTING	94	mmHg	94	mmHg			BRACHIAL ARTERY	Y	1
		HEIGHT	Height	154	cm						Y	1
		Weight		5	kg	90.5	90.5	kg			Y	1
PULSE		Rate	Rate	72	beats/min	72	72	beats/min		CAROTID ARTERY	Y	1
		Rate	Rate	34	breaths/min	34	34	breaths/min			Y	1



Initial Biomedical Concept Use Cases

*Retrieve a List of
Assessments for a Study*

*Publish BC content as
Define-XML document
including Value Level
Metadata*

Use Case 1: Support Study Design – Schedule of Assessments

Biomedical Concepts – Conceptual Layer for SOA

Current Way of Working and Issues

- Protocol isn't specific enough to facilitate data collection
 - Translation to EDC setup requires further work
 - Time and effort can be significant and costly
 - Forms are used to attempt standardization but proliferate over time

Use Case 1

Support Study Design - SOA

Biomedical Concepts – Conceptual Layer for SOA

- BCs are retrievable standards agnostic assessments for a study SOA
- They include pointers to pre-configured SDTM and CDASH dataset specializations
- BC provide unambiguous information for EDC setup and dataset creation
- BCs are more than just a term, e.g., Heart Rate is collected as an integer and includes a term with allowable units, body positions, etc.
- Preconfigured BCs linked to CDASH and SDTM dataset specializations facilitate automation around study setup and SDTM delivery

Use Case 2: Define-XML – Value Level Metadata

Pre-configured Define-XML Building Blocks

- Practical implementation of BCs as at the SDTM implementation layer
- Pre-configured and ready to go value level metadata
- Templates to support consistent curation
- Fully opinionated and out of the box – allows for tweaks as needed
- Immediate benefit to data management and programming producing SDTM

VS (Vital Signs) - [SDTMIG 3.1.2]

Related Supplemental Qualifiers Dataset: [SUPPVS](#) (Supplemental Qualifiers for VS)

Variable	Where Condition	Label / Description	Type	Length or Display Format	Controlled Terms or ISO Format
VSORRES VLM		Result or Finding in Original Units	text	30	
	VTESTCD = "DIABP" (Diastolic Blood Pressure)	Diastolic Blood Pressure in Orig U	integer	2	
	VTESTCD = "FRMSIZE" (Body Frame Size)	Body Frame Size - Orig	text	6	Size <ul style="list-style-type: none">• "SMALL"• "MEDIUM"• "LARGE"
	VTESTCD = "HEIGHT" (Height)	Height in Orig U	float	5.1	

```
{
  ...
  "name": "VTESTCD",
  "isNonStandard": false,
  "codelist": {...},
  ...
  "assignedTerm": {...},
  ...
  "role": "Topic",
  "relationship": {...},
  ...
  "comparator": "EQ",
}
```

BCs now available via CDISC Library API as JSON output

Biomedical Concepts (BC)

GET /mdr/bc/packages

GET /mdr/bc/packages/{package}/biomedicalconcepts

GET /mdr/bc/packages/{package}/biomedicalconcepts/{biomedicalconcept}

GET /mdr/bc/packages/{package}/biomedicalconcepts/{biomedicalconcept}/dataelementconcepts

GET /mdr/bc/packages/{package}/biomedicalconcepts/{biomedicalconcept}/dataelementconcepts/{dataelementconcept}

Study Data Tabulation Model Dataset Specializations (SDTM)

GET /mdr/specializations/sdtm/packages

GET /mdr/specializations/sdtm/packages/{package}/datasetspecializations

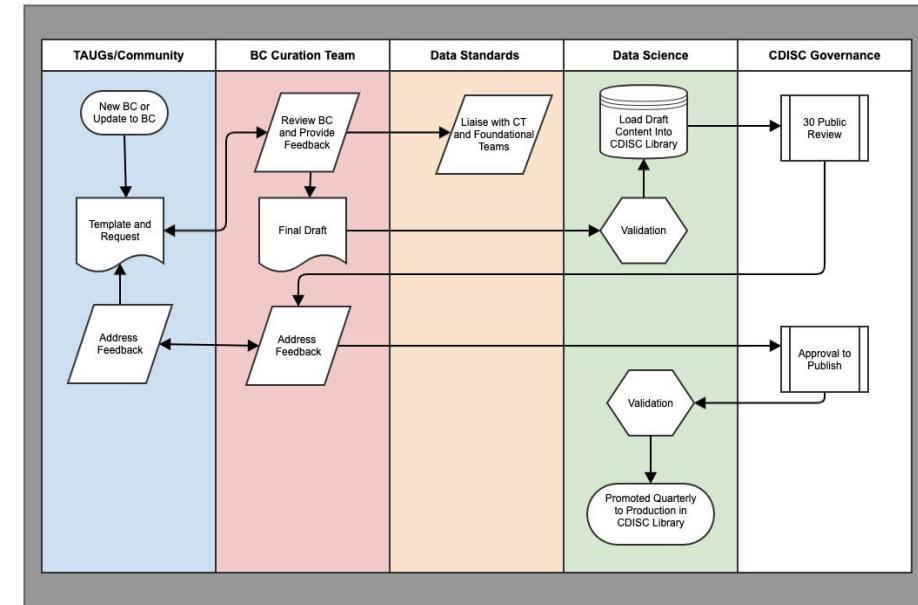
GET /mdr/specializations/sdtm/packages/{package}/datasetspecializations/{datasetspecialization}

GET /mdr/specializations/sdtm/packages/{package}/datasetspecializations/{datasetspecialization}/variables

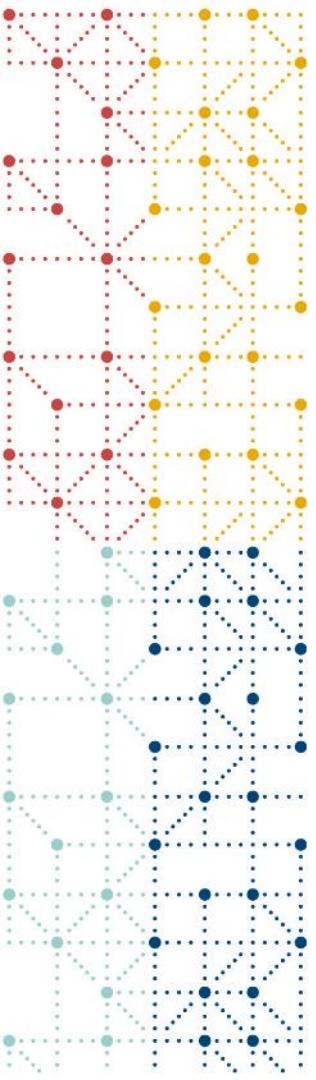
GET /mdr/specializations/sdtm/packages/{package}/datasetspecializations/{datasetspecialization}/variables/{variable}

BC Governance

- Light-weight CDISC curation and governance process
- 30-day Public Review
- Published quarterly
- Mechanism for community change requests



Draft governance process

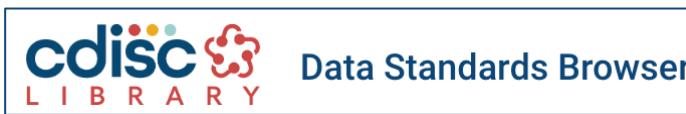


Looking Towards the Future

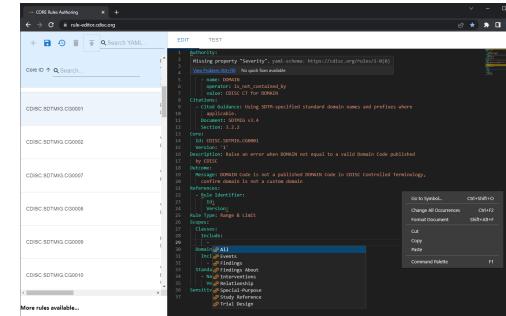
- Adding CDISC Library functionality
- Adding to conceptual and implementation layers

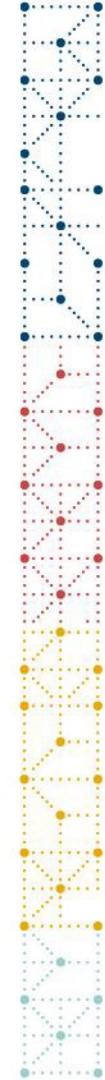
Adding Functionality to CDISC Library

- Searchable and Retrievable BCs via CDISC Library APIs and Data Standards Browser



- Web-based editor for BC authoring

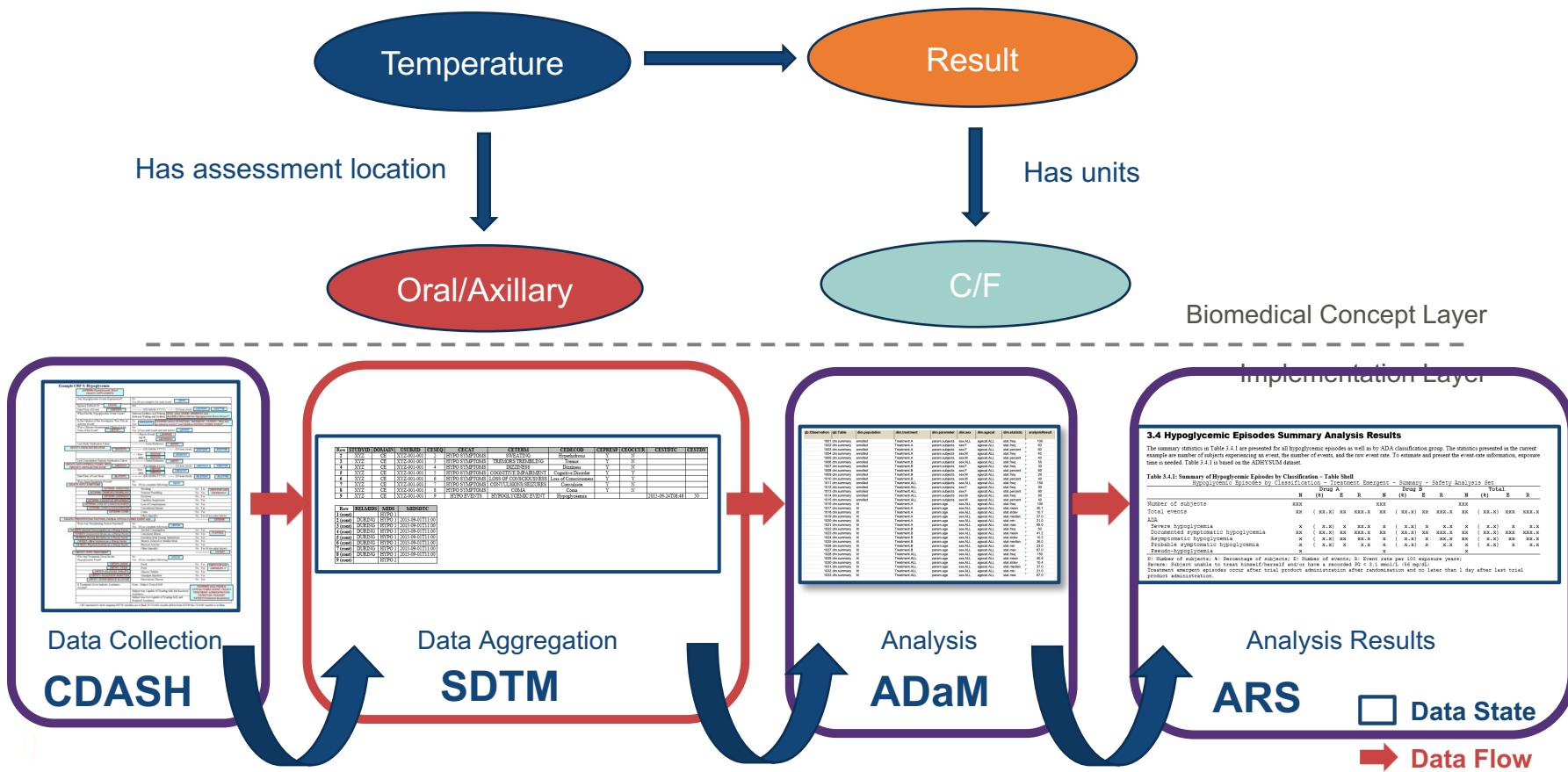




Adding to Conceptual and Implementation Layers

- End to end standardization
 - Addition of Collection and Analysis Concepts
 - Derivations and transformations
- Use by Digital Data Flow to generate schedule of assessments
- Development of BCs for all new standards
- Community collaboration through the donation and curation of BCs

End to End Standardization: Expanding the Implementation Layer



Use of BCs in TransCelerate Digital Data Flow Initiative (DDF)

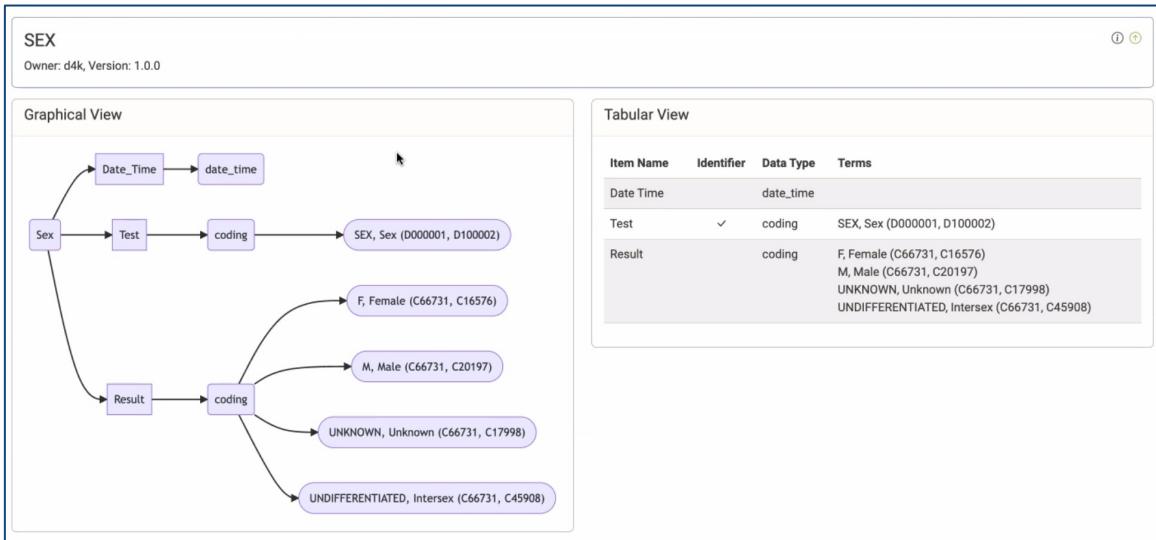


- The DDF initiative aims to modernize clinical trials by enabling a digital workflow to allow for the automated creation of study assets and configuration of study systems to support clinical trial execution.
- Use of BCs to support schedule of assessments: SEVERE COVID-19 PNEUMONIA (Roche)

Appendix 1 Schedule of Activities: Days 1 and 2					
Study Day	Screening ^{a, b}	Baseline			
	-2 to 0	0 Pre-dose (-4 hrs)	15 min After end of infusion (+1 hr)	24 hrs (±4 hrs)	36 hrs (±4 hrs)
Informed consent	x				
Inclusion/exclusion criteria	x	x			
Demographic data	x				
Randomization		x			
Medical history		x			
Complete physical examination ^c	x				
Weight		x			
COVID-19 diagnosis ^d	x				
Chest X-ray/CT scan ^e	x				
ECG	x				
Pregnancy test ^f	x				
PaO ₂ /FiO ₂ ^g	x		← Optional →		
SpO ₂ ^h	x	x	x	x	x
Vital signs ^h	x	x	x	x	x
Ordinal scoring ⁱ		x		x	
Adverse events ^j		x		x	
Concomitant medications ^k		x		x	

Using BCs to Build Schedule of Assessments

- Schedule of assessments consists of groupings of biomedical concepts
- Demographics
 - Sex
 - Date of Birth
 - Age
 - Race
 - Ethnicity



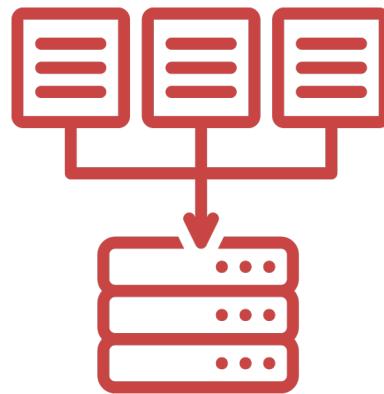
Development of BCs for Therapeutic Areas

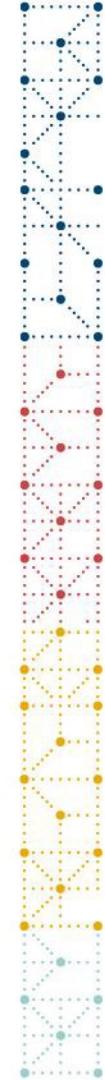
- Oncology Team authoring BCs using CDISC framework for Disease Response Criterion standards
- Tobacco Implementation Guide (TIG)



Additional Sources of BCs

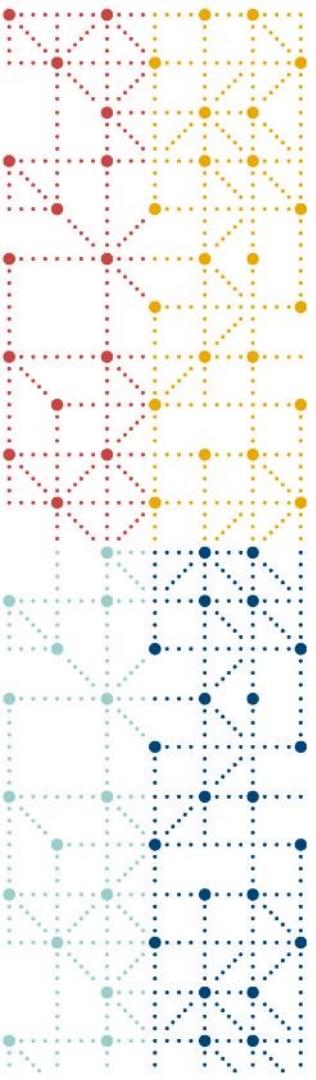
- Donation of company created BCs
- Mining datasets
- Code Table mapping files
- LOINC to LB mapping
- NCI Thesaurus





Summary/Conclusions

- BCs provide consistent meaning around collected concepts
 - Everyone is speaking the same language
 - Conceptual layer details provide for easily browsable catalog to drill down into the data you need to collect
- BCs have the power to significantly lower barriers to implementation of standards
 - Start with the concepts. The standards implementation details come along with them
 - Sponsors no longer need to spend as much effort poring over documentation to match their data with implementation details
- BCs provide consistent implementation of standards



Thank You!

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