

WITH STANDARDS – UNLOCK THE POWER OF DATA



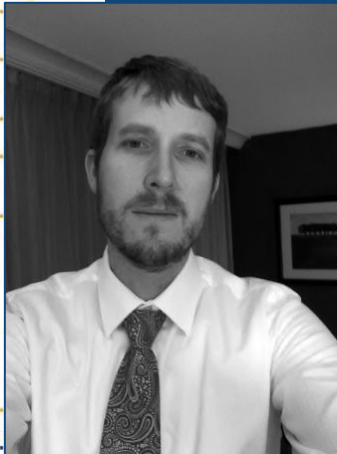
2022  
US  
INTERCHANGE  
26-27 OCTOBER | AUSTIN



## Biomedical Concepts: Vision and Value for the Community

Presented by Bess LeRoy & Jon Neville, CDISC

# Meet the Speakers



**Jon Neville**

**Title:** Senior Standards Developer

**Organization:** CDISC

Jon got his start in CDISC standards working on a legacy data conversion project to create an integrated online SDTM data repository of 24 studies of Alzheimer's disease. He has since gained extensive experience with developing CDISC standards and has led, co-led or otherwise assisted in the development of more than 15 CDISC therapeutic area user guides. He is currently leading the development of a CDISC publication on considerations for using SDTM in observational studies

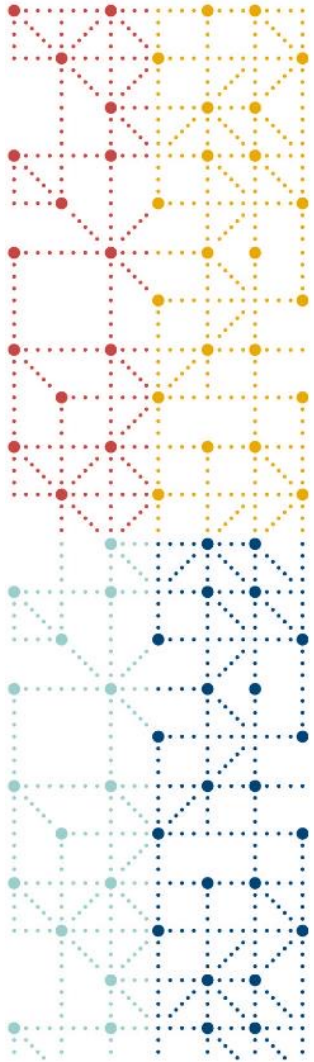


**Bess LeRoy**

**Title:** Head of Standards Innovation

**Organization:** CDISC

Bess has been a CDISC team member since 2011. She is a member of the CDISC Technical Leadership Team and leads the CDISC Global Governance Group. Bess has over 15 years' experience working in public health research and has held positions at the Framingham Heart Study, the Rotterdam Study, the Arizona Cancer Center, and the Critical Path Institute



## Agenda

1. Background
2. CDISC COSMoS: Conceptual & Operational Standards Metadata Services
3. Looking Towards the Future





# Simple Example...

Representing vital signs in SDTM using this approach





**cdisc**

**Study Data Tabulation Model  
Implementation Guide: Human Clinical Trials**  
Version 3.4 (Final)

Developed by the  
CDISC Submission Data Standards Team

---

**Notes to Readers**

- This is the implementation guide for human clinical trials corresponding to Version 3.4 of the CDISC Study Data Tabulation Model.

**Revision History**

Date	Version
2022-11-20	3.4 Final
2021-02-20	3.3 Final
2019-11-20	3.2 Final
2019-02-20	3.1.2 Final
2018-11-12	3.1.2 Final
2018-08-20	3.1.1 Final
2018-02-14	3.1

*See Appendix F for representative and normative inventories of tables, and dictionaries.*

**SDTMIG: 461 pages**

Variable Name	CDISC Submission Name	CDISC Representation	CDISC Definition
VSSEQ	VSSEQ	Sequence Number	Sequence number given to ensure uniqueness of all observations for all applications or submissions
VSTESTCD	VSTESTCD	Vital Signs Test Short Name	Short name of the measurement, test, or examination described in VSTEST. It can be used as a column name when constructing a dataset from a vertical to a horizontal format. The value in VSTESTCD cannot be longer than 40 characters, nor can it start with a number (e.g., "1TEST" is not valid). VSTESTCD cannot contain characters other than letters, numbers, or underscores. Examples: "VSBP", "VSABP", "VS1"
VSTEST	VSTEST	Vital Signs Test Name	Verbatim name of the test or examination used to obtain the measurement or finding. The value in VSTEST cannot be longer than 40 characters. Examples: "Systolic Blood Pressure", "Diastolic Blood Pressure", "Body Mass Index"
VSTESTCD	VSTESTCD	Vital Signs Test Short Name	Short name of the measurement, test, or examination described in VSTEST. It can be used as a column name when constructing a dataset from a vertical to a horizontal format. The value in VSTESTCD cannot be longer than 40 characters, nor can it start with a number (e.g., "1TEST" is not valid). VSTESTCD cannot contain characters other than letters, numbers, or underscores. Examples: "VSBP", "VSABP", "VS1"

Controlled Terminology

**Controlled Terminology:  
>35,000 terms in almost  
1000 code lists**



**6.3.17 Vital Signs**

**VS – Description/Overview**  
A findings domain that contains measurements including but not limited to blood pressure, temperature, respiration, body surface area, body mass index, height and weight.

**VS – Specification**  
vs.xpt, Vital Signs – Findings, Version 3.3. One record per vital sign measurement per time point per visit per subject. Tabulation.

Variable Name	Variable Label	Type	Controlled Term, Abbreviation, or Alias	Role	CDISC Notes	Core
STUDID	Study Identifier	Char	Y	identifier	Unique identifier for a study.	Req
DOMAIN	Domain Abbreviation	Char	Y	identifier	Two-character abbreviation for the domain.	Req
USUBJID	Unique Subject Identifier	Char	Y	identifier	Identifier used to uniquely identify a subject across all studies for all applications or submissions.	Req
VSSEQ	Sequence Number	Num	Y	identifier	Sequence number given to ensure uniqueness of all observations within a domain. May be any valid number.	Req
VSRGID	Group ID	Char	Y	identifier	Used to tie together a block of related records in a single domain for a subject.	Perm
VSSPID	Sponsor-Defined Identifier	Char	Y	identifier	Sponsor-defined reference number. Perhaps prepended on the CDISC as an explicit line identifier or defined in the sponsor's operational database.	Perm
VSTESTCD	Vital Signs Test Short Name	Char	Y	identifier	Short name of the measurement, test, or examination described in VSTEST. It can be used as a column name when constructing a dataset from a vertical to a horizontal format. The value in VSTESTCD cannot be longer than 40 characters, nor can it start with a number (e.g., "1TEST" is not valid). VSTESTCD cannot contain characters other than letters, numbers, or underscores. Examples: "VSBP", "VSABP", "VS1"	Req
VSTEST	Vital Signs Test Name	Char	Y	text	Verbatim name of the test or examination used to obtain the measurement or finding. The value in VSTEST cannot be longer than 40 characters. Examples: "Systolic Blood Pressure", "Diastolic Blood Pressure", "Body Mass Index"	Req
VSDCAT	Category for Vital Signs	Char	Y	lookup	Used to define a category of related records.	Perm
VSDCAT	Category for Vital Signs	Char	Y	lookup	A further categorization of a measurement or examination.	Perm
VSPPOS	Vital Signs Position of Subject	Char	Y	lookup	Position of the subject during a measurement or examination. Examples: "SUPINE", "STANDING", "SEATED"	Perm
VSRRES	Result or Finding in Original Units	Char	Y	text	Result of the vital signs measurement as originally obtained in collected.	Exp
VSRRESU	Original Units	Char	Y	text	Original units in which the data were collected. The unit for VSRRES is Examples: "L", "SI", "beats/min"	Exp
VSRRESU	Original Units	Char	Y	text	Original units in which the data were collected. The unit for VSRRES is Examples: "L", "SI", "beats/min"	Exp
VSRRESU	Original Units	Char	Y	text	Original units in which the data were collected. The unit for VSRRES is Examples: "L", "SI", "beats/min"	Exp

**Vital Signs Domain:  
Specification for how to  
construct vital signs data**

vs.xpt

Row	STUDYID	DOMAIN	USUBJID	VSSEQ	VSTESTCD	VSTEST	VSPPOS	VSRRES	VSRRESU	VSTRESC	VSTRESN	VSTRESU	VSSTAT	VSREASND	VSLOC	VSLOBXFL	VISITNUM	VISIT	VISITDY	VSDTC	VSDY
1	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	1	VSBP	Systolic Blood Pressure	SITTING	154	mmHg	154	154	mmHg			BRACHIAL ARTERY	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19T08:45	1
2	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	2	DIABP	Diastolic Blood Pressure	SITTING	44	mmHg	44	44	mmHg			BRACHIAL ARTERY	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19T08:45	1
3	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	3	HEIGHT	Height		157	cm	157	157	cm				Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1
4	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	4	WEIGHT	Weight		90.5	kg	90.5	90.5	kg				Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1
5	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	5	PULSE	Pulse Rate		72	beats/min	72	72	beats/min			CAROTID ARTERY	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1
6	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	6	RESP	Respiratory Rate		34	breaths/min	34	34	breaths/min				Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1
7	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	7	TEMP	Temperature		37.1	C	37.1	37.1	C			EAR	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1

**Vital Signs Dataset**

**Repeat 100s of times  
for all your study data  
concepts...**

CRFs

CRFs



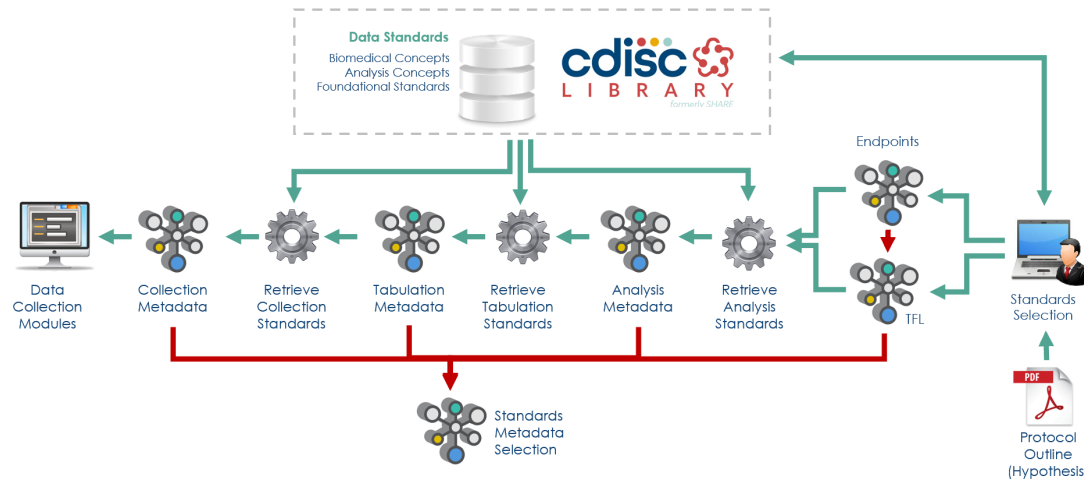
## The Problem with This Approach

- Labor-intensive; requires extensive knowledge of standards documents
- Subject to interpretation (and therefore, *misinterpretation*)
- Can result in inconsistent implementation

**The intense effort required is a barrier to standards adoption**

# How We Evolve: CDISC Library

- Electronically publish data standards as groups of linked metadata
- Define relationships between variables, associated terminology codelists, and linkages across standards
- **CDISC 360 Piloted development of linked biomedical concept metadata to enable end to end automation**



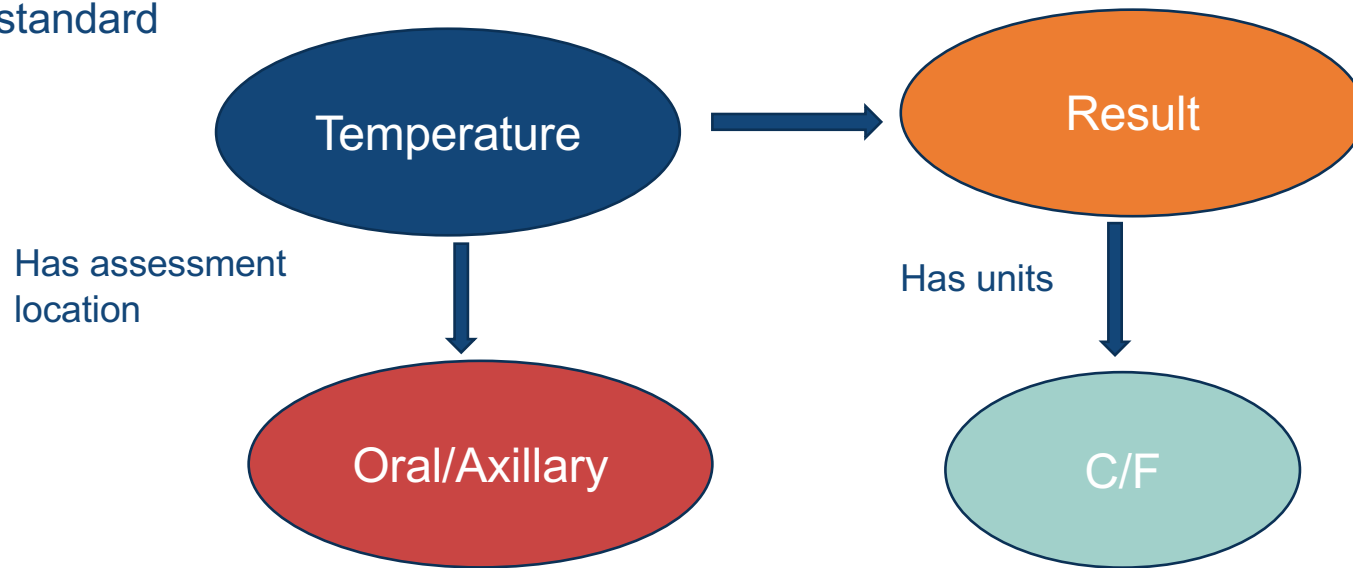




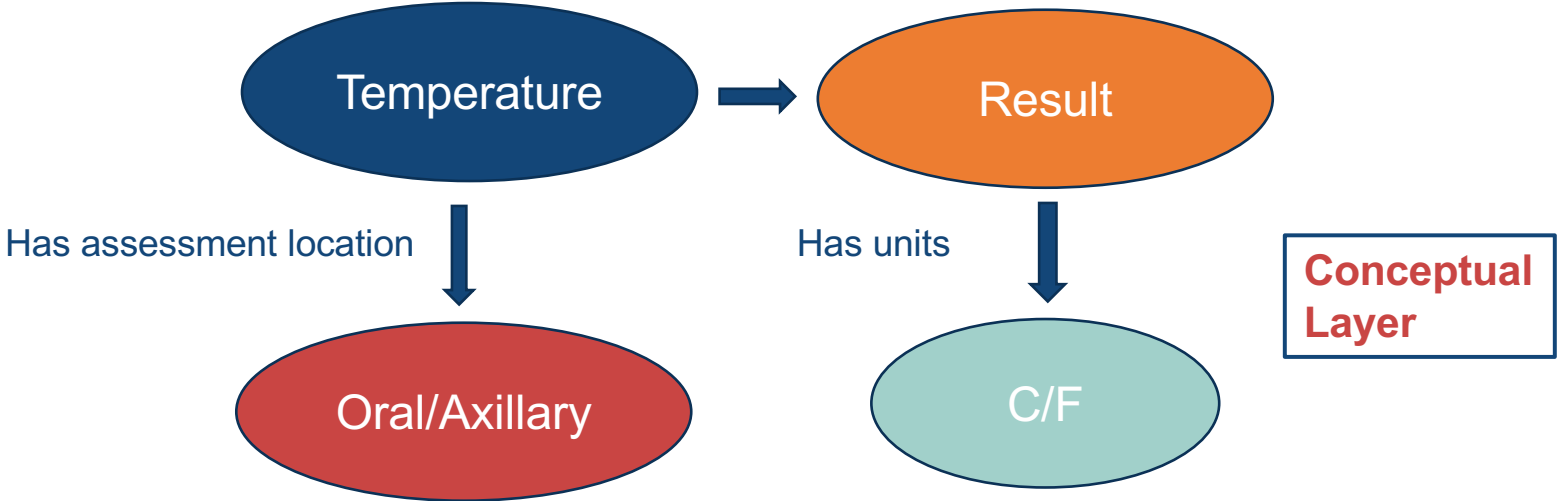
## What Is a Biomedical Concept (BC)?

ISO 11179 Definition: *A unit of knowledge created by a unique combination of characteristics*

- Independent of study
- Independent of a representation in any standard, but can be tethered to a standard



# What Is a Biomedical Concept (BC)?



VSTEST	VSTESTCD	VSORRES	VSUNIT	VSLOC
Temperature	TEMP	101.3	F	ORAL

**Implementation Layer**





## Why Develop BCs?

- Representation of CDISC standards as metadata (CDISC Library) helps promote automation of CDISC standards
- Developing BCs allows accurate and **more consistent implementation** of the *conceptual content* being implemented

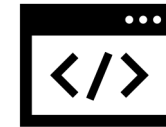
# Focus On Your Data. Let the Standards Come To YOU



Your data  
"shopping list"



CDISC  
Library

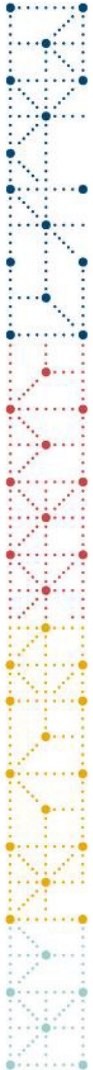


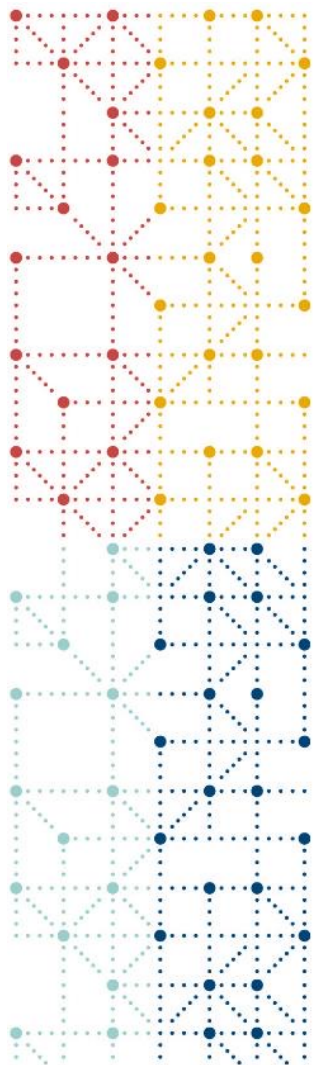
Retrieve your BCs as  
machine-readable files



Row	STUDYID	DOMAIN	USUBJID	VSSEQ	VSTESTCD	VSTEST	VSPOS	VSORRES	VSORRESU	VSSTRESC	VSSTRESN	VSSTRESU	VSSTAT	VSREASND	VSLOC	VSLOBXFL	VISITNUM	VISIT	VISITDY	VSDTC	VSDY
1	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	1	SYSBP	Systolic Blood Pressure	SITTING	154	mmHg						BRACHIAL	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19T08:45	1
2	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	2	DIABP	Diastolic Blood Pressure	SITTING	100	mmHg						BRACHIAL ARTERY	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19T08:45	1
3	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	3	HEIGHT	Height		157	cm						BRACHIAL ARTERY	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1
4	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	4	WEIGHT	Weight		90.5	kg	90.5	90.5	kg			BRACHIAL ARTERY	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1
5	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	5	PULSE	Pulse Rate		72	beats/min	72	72	beats/min			CAROTID ARTERY	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1
6	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	6	RESPIRATORY	Respiratory Rate		34	breaths/min	34	34	breaths/min			BRACHIAL ARTERY	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1
7	ABC	VS	ABC-001-001	7	TEMP	Temperature		37.1	C	37.1	37.1	C			EAR	Y	1	Baseline	1	2022-06-19	1

You're most of the way there towards implementing CDISC for your data!





# CDISC COSMoS

Conceptual & Operational Standards Metadata Services



## What Is COSMoS?

A pragmatic, iterative approach to creating biomedical concepts with a focus on providing tangible value for the CDISC community

### Key Objectives:

- Reduce variability in standards implementations
- Increase metadata-driven automation
- Reduce barriers to operational implementation



## Key Components of COSMoS

Conceptual Layer

Implementation Layer

Logical Data Model



## Conceptual Layer

- Consistent reference definitions provide consistent meaning across studies, all phases of development
- Data standard agnostic
- Rooted in NCI Hierarchy
- All indexed by C-Codes
- Provides for consistency in standards implementation



NCIthesaurus 22.04d (Release date:2022-04-25)

NCI Thesaurus Hierarchy [Send to Printer](#)

- Abnormal Cell
- Activity
  - Action
  - Administrative Activity
  - Clinical or Research Activity
    - Intervention or Procedure
      - Behavioral, Psychological or Informational Intervention
      - Biomarker Analysis
      - Cancer Diagnostic or Therapeutic Procedure
      - Diagnostic Procedure
        - Allergen Skin Response Index
        - Allergic Skin Response Intensity
        - Antigenic Skin Flare Longest Diameter
        - Antigenic Skin Flare Mean Diameter
        - Antigenic Skin Flare Size
        - Bioconductance Measurement
        - Cardiac Diagnostic Procedure
        - Dermoscopy
        - Direct Electrocortical Stimulation
        - Electrocorticography
        - Erythema Measurement
        - Lymphocyte Depletion Kinetics
        - Mass Measurement
        - Muscular Contractility Measurement
      - Observation
        - Vital Signs Measurement
          - Blood Pressure
            - Estimated Mean Atrial Pressure
            - Left Atrial Pressure
            - Mean Arterial Pressure
            - Newborn Blood Pressure
            - Systolic Blood Pressure
              - Estimated Systolic Blood Pressure
              - Left Ventricular Systolic Pressure
              - Right Ventricular Systolic Pressure





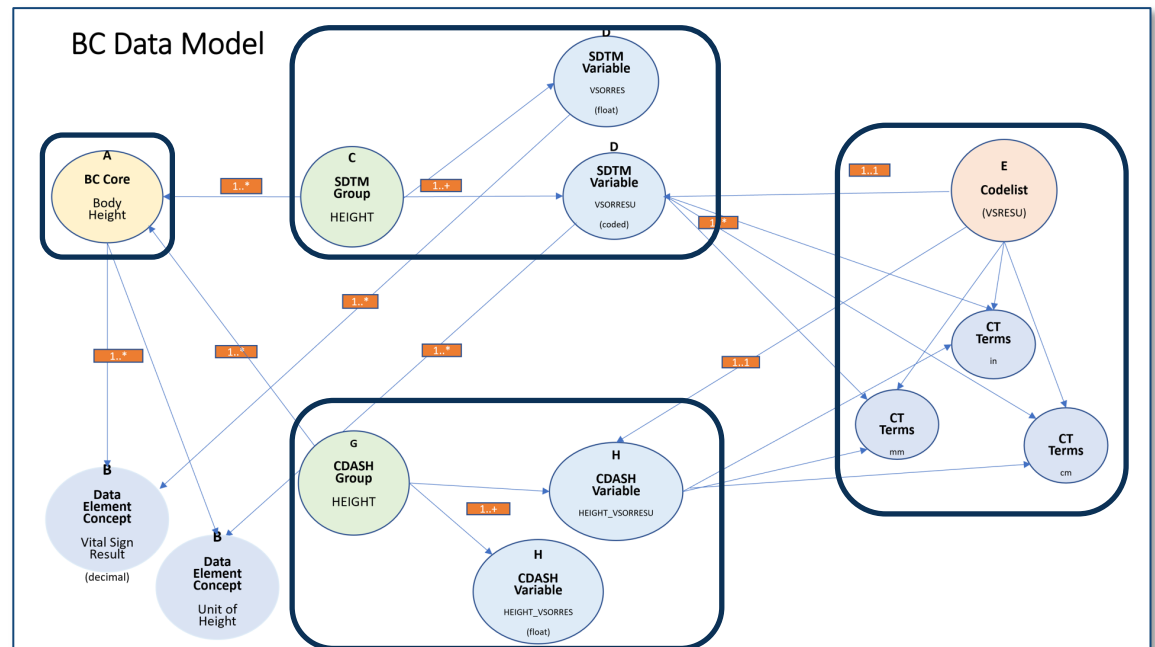
## Implementation Layer

- Representation of a BC in a specific standard with implementation details such as value level metadata, formats, terminology



# Logical Data Model

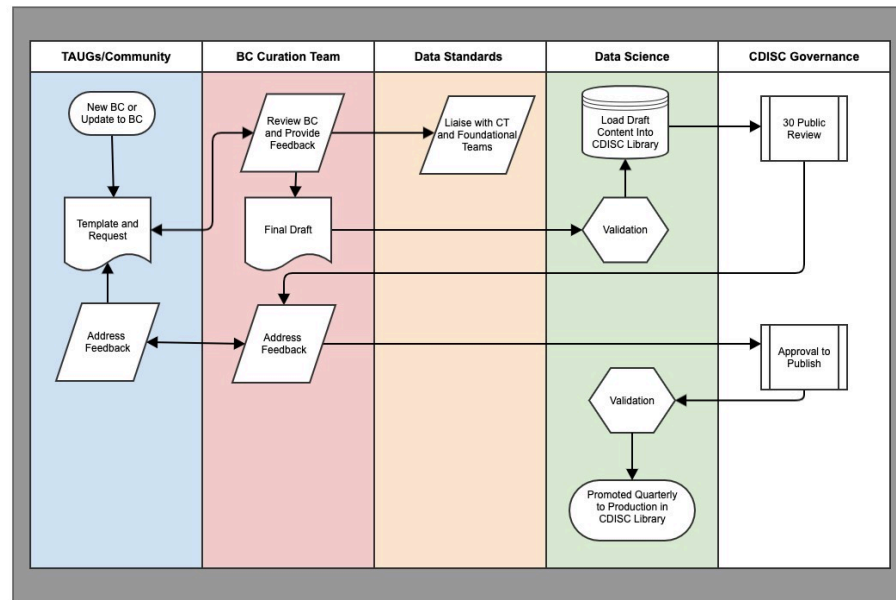
- Concept specific value level metadata
- Add explicit relationships between variables
- Additional operational metadata, e.g., data type, format, etc.
- Creation of structured machine-readable YAML files validated with conformance rules
- Searchable and retrievable via CDISC Library APIs





## BC Governance

- Light-weight CDISC curation and governance process
- 30-day Public Review
- Published quarterly
- Mechanism for community change requests



**Draft governance process**



## ***Initial COSMoS Use Cases***

**cdisc**

*Retrieve a list of  
assessments for a study*

*Publish BC content as  
Define-XML document  
including value level  
metadata*





## Use Case 2: Define-XML – Value Level Metadata

### Pre-configured Define-XML Building Blocks

- Practical implementation of BCs at the SDTM implementation layer
- Pre-configured and ready to go value level metadata
- Templates to support consistent curation
- Fully opinionated and out of the box – allows for tweaks as needed
- Immediate benefit to data management and programming producing SDTM

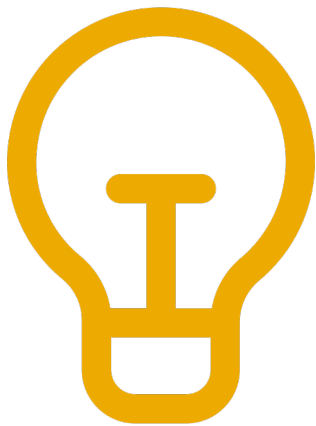


VS (Vital Signs) - [SDTMIG 3.1.2]

Related Supplemental Qualifiers Dataset: [SUPPVS](#) (Supplemental Qualifiers for VS)

Variable	Where Condition	Label / Description	Type	Length or Display Format	Controlled Terms or ISO Format
VSORRES <a href="#">VM</a>		Result or Finding in Original Units	text	30	
	<a href="#">VSTESTCD</a> = "DIABP" (Diastolic Blood Pressure)	Diastolic Blood Pressure in Orig U	integer	2	
	<a href="#">VSTESTCD</a> = "FRMSIZE" (Body Frame Size)	Body Frame Size - Orig	text	6 <a href="#">Size</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• "SMALL"</li><li>• "MEDIUM"</li><li>• "LARGE"</li></ul>
	<a href="#">VSTESTCD</a> = "HEIGHT" (Height)	Height in Orig U	float	5.1	

```
{
  "name": "VSTESTCD",
  "isNonStandard": false,
  "codelist": {
  },
  "assignedTerm": {
    "conceptId": "C25347",
    "value": "HEIGHT"
  },
  "role": "Topic",
  "relationship": {
    "subject": "VSTESTCD",
    "linkingPhrase": "is decoded by the value in",
    "predicateTerm": "IS_DECODED_BY",
    "object": "VSTEST"
  },
  "comparator": "EQ",
}
```



## Learn More at Session 6B!

### **Session 6, Track B - Business Optimization & Technical Topics**

11:00 - 13:00

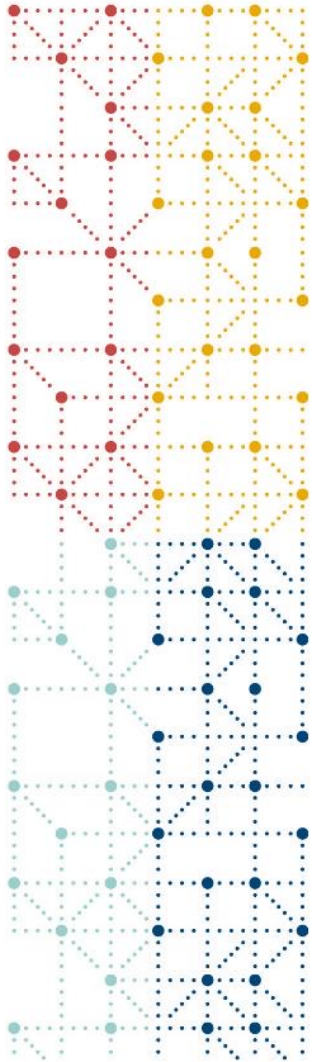
Chair: Anthony Chow, CDISC

Ballroom B

11:00 - 11:30

### **COSMoS Technical Implementation, API Layer and Use Cases**

Lex Jansen & Linda Lander, CDISC



## Looking Towards the Future

- Adding CDISC Library functionality
- Adding to conceptual and implementation layers



# Adding Functionality to CDISC Library



BCs and Implementations Accessible Through the Data Standards Browser



BC Authoring Tool



# Searchable and Retrievable BCs via CDISC Library APIs and Data Standards Browser



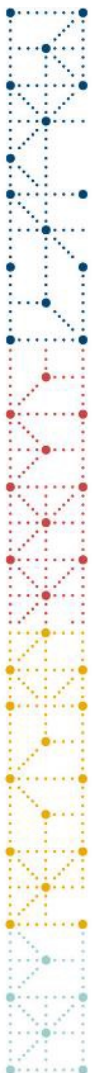
## SDTM v2.0

Status	Effective Date	Implemented By	
Final	2021-11-29	<a href="#">SDTMIG v3.4</a>	<a href="#">Export</a>

Classes

- [General Observations](#)
- [Interventions](#)
- [Events](#)
- [Findings](#)
- [Findings About](#)
- [Special-Purpose](#)
- [Associated Persons](#)
- [Trial Design](#)
- [Study Reference](#)
- [Relationship](#)





# BC Authoring Tool

Web-based editor

- YAML specification
- Conversion to JSON machine-executable code+
- Similar to CORE Rules Editor



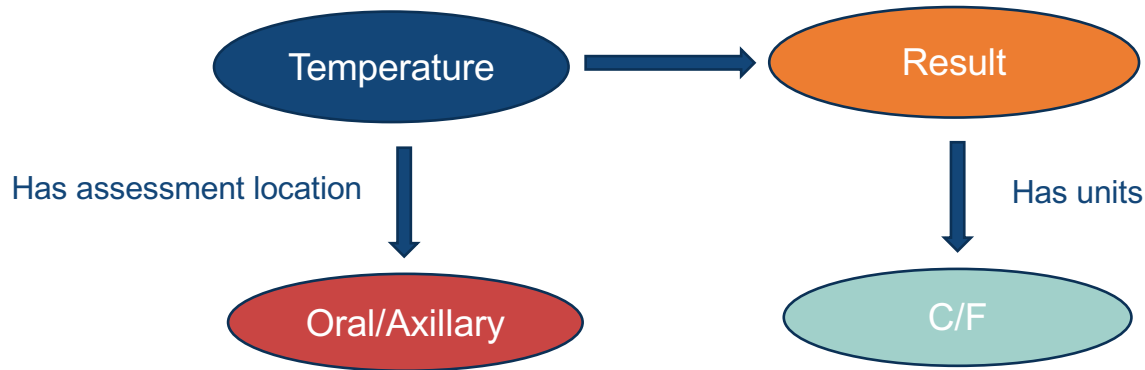
Example: CORE Rule Editor



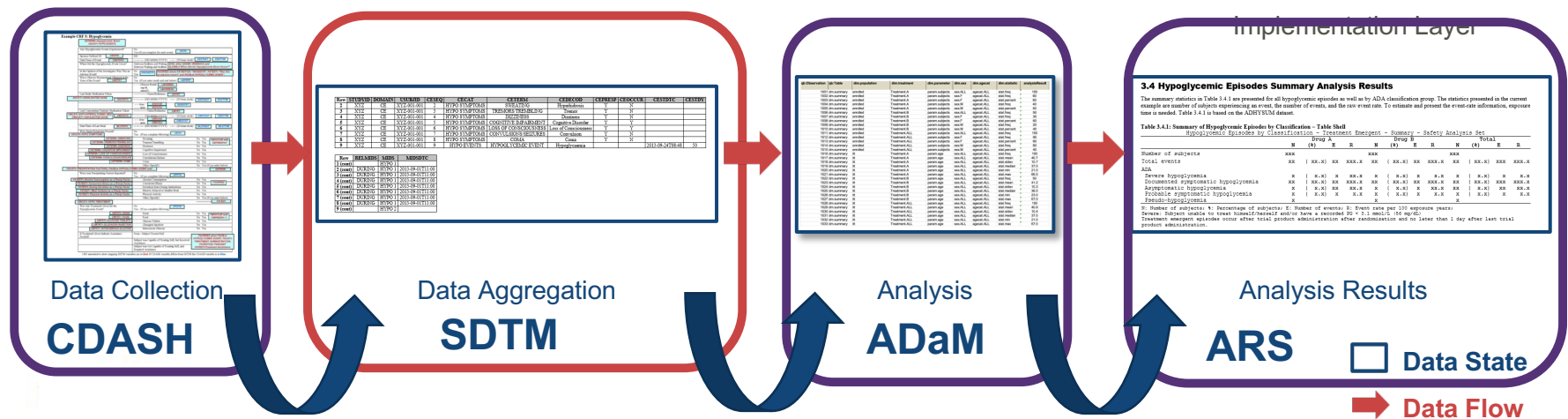
## Adding to Conceptual and Implementation Layers

- End to end standardization
  - Addition of Collection and Analysis Concepts
  - Derivations and transformations
- Use Digital Data Flow initiative to generate schedule of assessments
- Development of BCs for all new standards
- Connecting to real-world data
- Community collaboration through the donation and curation of BCs

# End to End Standardization: Expanding the Implementation Layer



Biomedical Concept Layer



STUDYID	DOMAIN	CDASHID	CDASHNAME	CDASHVERSION	CDASHURL	CDASHDESCRIPTION	CDASHSTATUS	CDASHDATE	CDASHUSER	CDASHROLE	CDASHCONTACT	CDASHEMAIL	CDASHPHONE	CDASHFAX	CDASHADDRESS	CDASHCITY	CDASHSTATE	CDASHZIP	CDASHCOUNTRY
1	CDASH	1001	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
2	CDASH	1002	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
3	CDASH	1003	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
4	CDASH	1004	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
5	CDASH	1005	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
6	CDASH	1006	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
7	CDASH	1007	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
8	CDASH	1008	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
9	CDASH	1009	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
10	CDASH	1010	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH

STUDYID	DOMAIN	CDASHID	CDASHNAME	CDASHVERSION	CDASHURL	CDASHDESCRIPTION	CDASHSTATUS	CDASHDATE	CDASHUSER	CDASHROLE	CDASHCONTACT	CDASHEMAIL	CDASHPHONE	CDASHFAX	CDASHADDRESS	CDASHCITY	CDASHSTATE	CDASHZIP	CDASHCOUNTRY
1	CDASH	1001	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
2	CDASH	1002	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
3	CDASH	1003	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
4	CDASH	1004	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
5	CDASH	1005	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
6	CDASH	1006	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
7	CDASH	1007	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
8	CDASH	1008	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
9	CDASH	1009	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH
10	CDASH	1010	CDASH	1.0	http://www.cdash.org	CDASH	Active	2013-01-01	CDASH	Admin	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH	CDASH

**3.4 Hypoglycemic Episodes Summary Analysis Results**

The summary statistics in Table 3.4.1 are presented for all hypoglycemic episodes as well as by ADA classification group. The statistics presented in the current example are number of subjects representing an event, the number of events, and the raw event rate. To estimate and present the event rate information, response time is needed. Table 3.4.1 is based on the ADHYG30M dataset.

**Table 3.4.1: Summary of Hypoglycemic Episodes by Classification - Table Stat**

Classification	Total		Summary		Safety Analysis Set	
	N	(%)	N	(%)	N	(%)
Number of Subjects	100	100.0	100	100.0	100	100.0
Total Events	100	100.0	100	100.0	100	100.0
Severe hypoglycemia	10	10.0	10	10.0	10	10.0
Diagnosed hypoglycemic hypoglycemia	10	10.0	10	10.0	10	10.0
Asymptomatic hypoglycemia	10	10.0	10	10.0	10	10.0
Probable hypoglycemic hypoglycemia	10	10.0	10	10.0	10	10.0
Unlikely hypoglycemic hypoglycemia	10	10.0	10	10.0	10	10.0

N: Number of subjects. %: Percentage of subjects. %: Number of events. %: Event rate per 100 exposure hours. Severe: Subject levels to treat himself/ herself and/or have a recorded SG < 1.1 mmol/L (50 mg/dL). Treatment emergent hypoglycemia: Occurs after initial protocol administration after randomization and no later than 1 day after last total protocol administration.

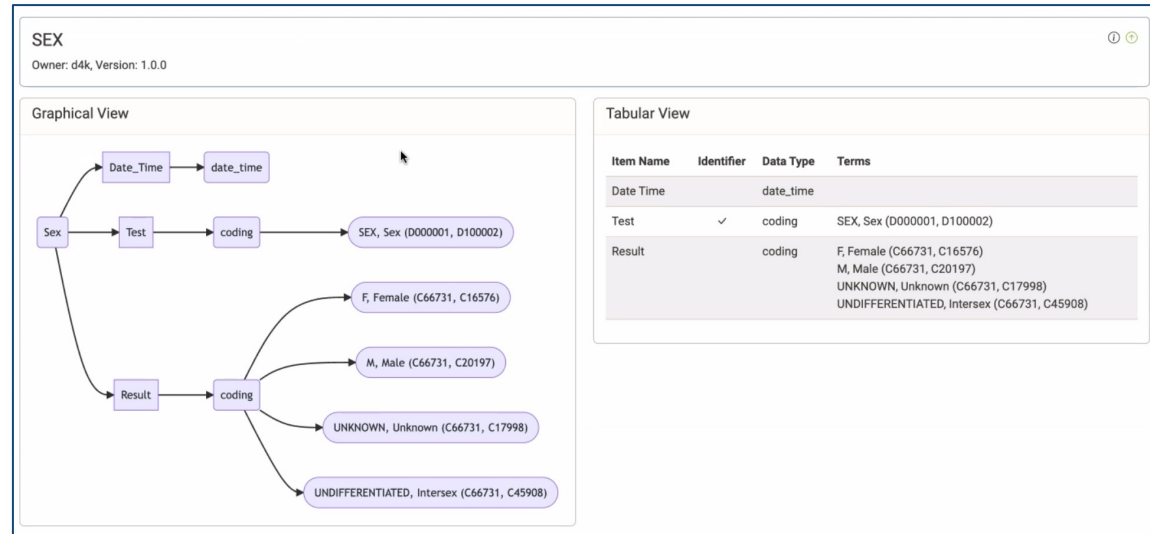


# Using BCs to Build Schedule of Assessments

- Schedule of assessments consists of groupings of biomedical concepts

- Demographics

- Sex
- Date of Birth
- Age
- Race
- Ethnicity





## Connecting to Real-World Data

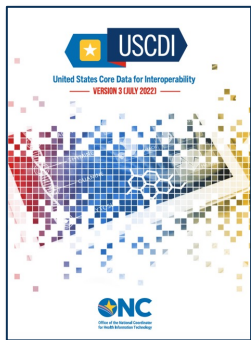
- FDA assessing the use of RWD to support regulatory decisions
- Office of the National Coordinator for Health IT (ONC) promotes the use of standards in health care
- The United States Core Data for Interoperability (USCDI) is a standardized set of data elements for nationwide, interoperable health information exchange
- Electronic health care record (EHR) systems will be required support the USCDI

**cdisc**





# Linking Across Implementation Layers



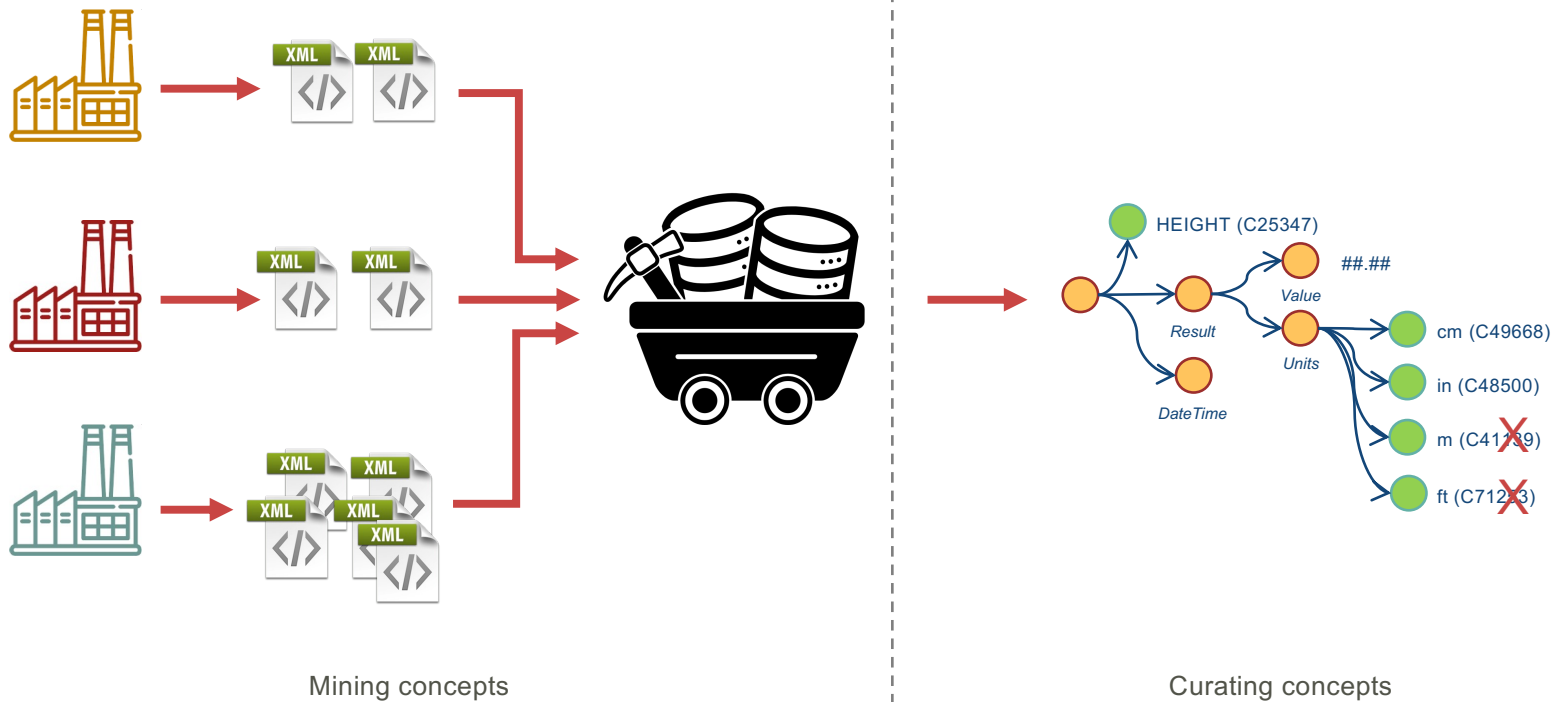
# Representation of USCDI in HL7 FHIR and CDISC SDTM

USCDI Data Element: Ethnicity			
US Core v5.0.1 based on HL7 FHIR 4.0.1 Value Set: OMB Ethnicity Categories		CDISC STD MIG v3.2 Value Set: Ethnic Group	
Display	Code	Submission Value	Code
Hispanic or Latino	2135-2	HISPANIC OR LATINO	C17459
Not Hispanic or Latino	2186-5	NO HISPANIC OR LATINO	222
Asked but Unknown	<a href="#">ASKU</a>	NOT REPORTED	C43234
Unknown	UNK	UNKNOWN	C17998

# Community Collaboration



# Mining and Curation Collaboration

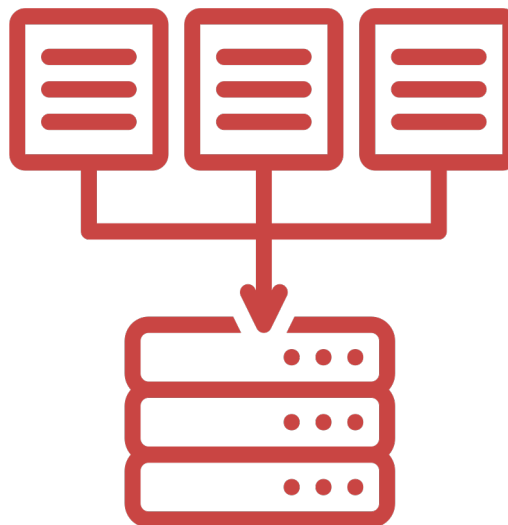




## Additional Sources of BCs

- Mining datasets
- Donation of company created BCs
- Code Table mapping files
- LOINC to LB mapping
- NCI Thesaurus

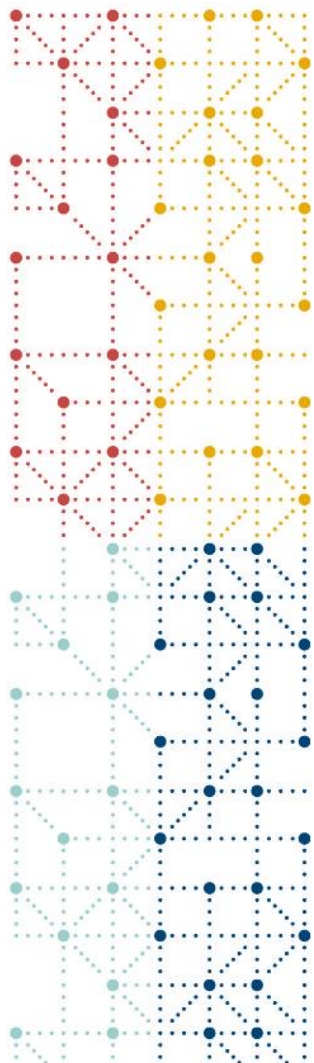
cdisc





## Summary/Conclusions

- BCs provide consistent meaning around collected concepts
  - Everyone is speaking the same language
  - Conceptual layer details provide for easily browsable catalog to drill down into the data you need to collect
- BCs have the power to significantly lower barriers to implementation of standards
  - Start with the concepts, the standards implementation details come along with them
  - Sponsors no longer need to spend as much effort poring over documentation to match their data with implementation details
- BCs provide consistent implementation of standards



**Thank You!**

**cdisc**