

State of the CDISC Standards

Amy Palmer, Head of Standards Development



Meet the Speaker

Amy Palmer

Title: Head of Standards Development

Organization: CDISC

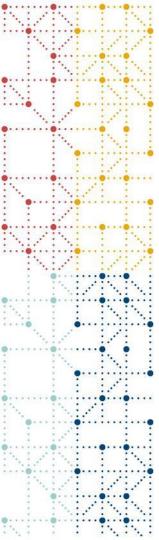
Amy Palmer is the Head of Standards Development at CDISC. Amy has been with CDISC since 2013. She is a member of the CDISC Technical Leadership Team and leads the Global Governance Group. Amy has over 26 years' experience working in clinical research. She has been involved in the development of multiple therapeutic area user guides as well the foundational standards and has been working with CDISC standards since 2010.

Amy has a BS from Mary Washington College and an MPH from the University of Montana.



Agenda

- 1. CDISC 2021 Development Highlights
- 2. New and Ongoing Standards Development Activities



CDISC Standards Development in 2021



2021 Foundational Standards Publications

SENDIG v3.3.1

Published 30 March 2021

SEND Conformance Rules v4.0

Published 29 July 2021

Define-XML v2.1Conformance Rules

Published 30 March 2021

CDASH SAE Supplement v2.0

Published 21 April 2021

CDASH v1.2

Published 28 September 2021

CDASHIG v2.2

SDTM v2.0 and Conformance Rules

Published 29 November 2021

SDTMIG v3.4 and Conformance Rules

ADaMIG v1.3 and Conformance Rules

ADaMIG OCCDS v1.1 and Conformance Rules

ADaMIG Medical Devices v1.0 and Conformance Rules

ADaMIG Non-compartmental Analysis v1.0 and Conformance Rules

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2021 Therapeutic Area User Guides Publications

Type 1 Diabetes

COVID-19

Crohn's Disease

Pancreatic Cancer



2021 Other Standards Publications

Vaccination Administration v1.0 Quarterly Controlled Terminology Releases

SDTM Metadata Submission Guidelines v2.0

QRS Supplements

HL7 FHIR to CDISC Mapping

CDISC Glossary v16.0



Vaccination Administration v1.0

- Goal to create a global core data standard that will enable the success of various vaccine credentialing and vaccine 'passport' applications to foster rapid and comprehensible sharing of essential information for uses such as safe international travel
- Developed in Collaboration with the Learning Health Community
- Consolidating key data element recommendations from the European eHealth Network, the World Health Organization and US Centers for Disease Control
- Relevant standards developed through ISO, HL7, and CDISC have been applied and harmonized





HL7 FHIR to CDISC Mapping

- Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources (FHIR) is a new standard published by HL7 for exchanging healthcare information electronically
- Goal of mapping is to achieve greater interoperability and exchange of data from Electronic Health Records (EHRs) to clinical research submission-ready datasets
- Scope: Adverse Events, Medications, Concomitant Medications, Demographics, Medical History, Procedures, Vital Signs, Laboratory Test Results
- Mappings jointly balloted by CDISC and HL7 using their respective governance processes









Metadata Submission Guidelines



Study Data Tabulation Model Metadata Submission Guidelines (SDTM-MSG): Human Clinical Trials

Version 2.0 (Final)

- The Guidelines and the Sample Submission Package illustrate the components recommended for the submission of SDTM data
- The Sample Submission Package consists of new or revised datasets, annotated CRF, submission components and a study data reviewer's guide
- ADaM MSG Internal Review Planned for Q2 2022





New and Ongoing Standards Development Activities

Foundational Standards and Therapeutic Areas Planned to be Published in 2022

ADaM Examples of Traceability

ADaM Oncology Examples ADaM popPK Implementation Guide

SDTMIG-Medical Devices Conformance Rules

ODM v2.0

Pediatrics User Guide v1.0

Rare Diseases TAUG v1.0

TCM – Acupuncture TAUG v1.0

https://www.cdisc.org/standards/in-development



Rare Diseases User Guide

- Collaboration with National Organization for Rare Disorders (NORD)
- Document scope includes cross-cutting concepts, endpoints, questionnaires, terminology
- Public review anticipated Fall 2022



Rare Diseases User Guide Scope

- Diagnosis
 - Newborn Screening Tests
 - Genetic Testing
 - Biochemical Tests
 - Special Lab Tests
 - Clinical Criteria
- Study Conduct
 - Inclusion/Exclusion Criteria
 - Withdrawals/Discontinuations

- Demography
 - Date of Birth and Age
 - Sex
 - Ethnicity and Race
 - Date of Death
- Family History
- Prior/Concomitant Medications & Procedures
- Study Treatment
- Endpoints
- Safety Assessments
 - Adverse Events



Pediatrics User Guide



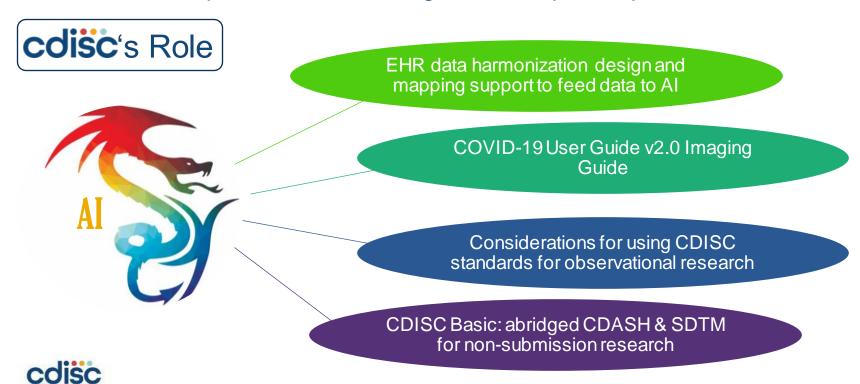
Areas of Focus

- Information about the subject (e.g., demography, vital signs, diet and nutrition, body system assessments
- Information about the subject's family (e.g., medical conditions, medications, substance use)
- Pregnancy and Birth
- Study Conduct
- QRS



DRAG N: An IMI-Funded Project

Develop Al-enhanced tools for evaluating COVID patients' *CT scans* and *clinical data* to provide accurate diagnoses and predict patient outcome.



Tobacco Implementation Guide (TIG) v1.0

Non-proprietary, consensus-based, freely available standards for use in studies of tobacco products



An overview of standards and general implementation



Key scientific concepts and maps



Data Collection (CDASH eCRFs, ODM-XML)



Data Tabulation (SEND, SDTM Human Clinical, Define-XML)



Analysis (ADaM, Analysis Results, Define-XML)

- OMB Forms
- Nonclinical
- Clinical Studies

With guidance by topics

and use cases; e.g.



Common Language (Controlled Terminology)



Measures of Adherence (Conformance Rules)



Accessible in platforms which optimize use (including CDISC website, CDISC Library)



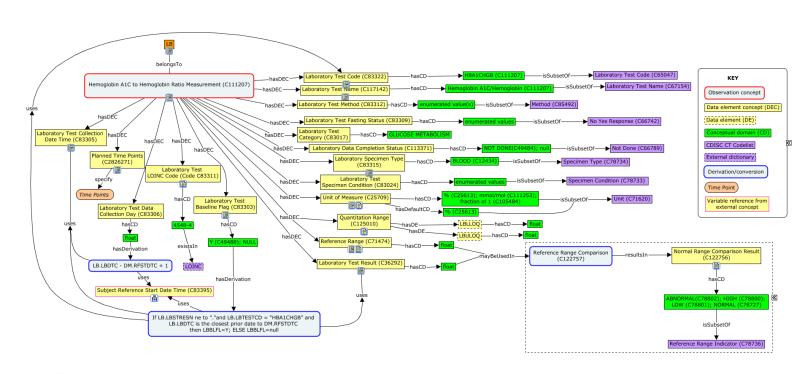


Education and Outreach (including webinars, formal training)





Biomedical Concept Update

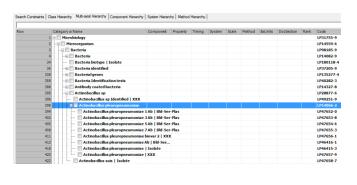




Biomedical Concepts: Approach that Separates the Concepts and Data Models

Concept Model

- Create hierarchical concept model
- Create semantics
- Create concept codes
- Add synonymous concepts



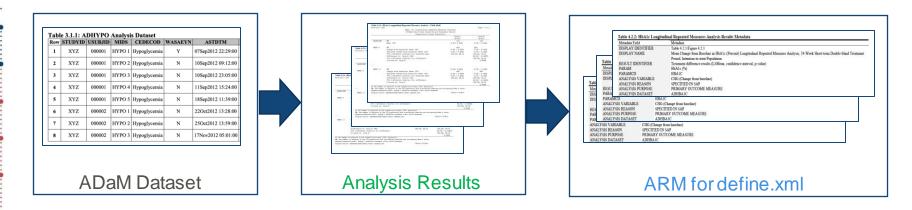
Data Model

- Add relationships
- Add operational metadata
- Add specializations
- Add concept code

| Variable Name | Variable Label | Туре | Controlled Terms, Codelist or Format | Role | CDISC Notes | Core |
|---------------|-----------------------------|------|--|------------|--|------|
| STUDYID | Study Identifier | Char | | Identifier | Unique identifier for a study. | Req |
| DOMAIN | Domain Abbreviation | Char | VS | Identifier | Two-character abbreviation for the domain. | Req |
| USUBJID | Unique Subject Identifier | Char | | Identifier | or submissions involving the product. | Req |
| VSSEQ | Sequence Number | Num | | Identifier | Sequence Number given to ensure uniqueness of subject records within a domain. May be any valid number. | Req |
| VSGRPID | Group ID | Char | | Identifier | Used to tie together a block of related records in a single domain for a subject. | Perm |
| VSSPID | Sponsor-Defined Identifier | Char | | Identifier | Sponsor-defined reference number. Perhaps pre-printed on the CRF as an explicit line identifier or defined in the sponsor's operational database. | Perm |
| VSTESTCD | Vital Signs Test Short Name | Char | (VSTESTCD) | Topic | Short name of the measurement, test, or examination described in VSTEST. It can be used as a column name when converting a dataset from a vertical to a horizontal format. The value in VSTESTCD cannot be longer than 8 characters, sor can it start with a number (e.g. "ITEST"). VSTESTCD cannot origin in characters other than letters, numbers, or underscores. Examples: SYSBP, DIABP. BMI. | Req |



Analysis Results Current State



- Static results created for Clinical Study Report
- Expensive to generate and only used once, no or limited reusability
- ARM v1.0 describes metadata about displays (PDF) and results (at high level), no formal analysis and results model or results data
- Limited traceability

Analysis Results Future State





Why is CDISC doing CORE?

- Ensure each standard has a set of unambiguous, executable Conformance Rules
- Ensure consistency across Conformance Rule implementations
- Expedite the availability of executable Conformance Rules for new Foundational Standards
- Create executable Conformance Rules vetted by the CDISC standards development teams
- Develop an open-source engine that serves as a Reference Implementation
- Publish the Rules in the CDISC Library and the engine under the CDISC Open Source Alliance (COSA)

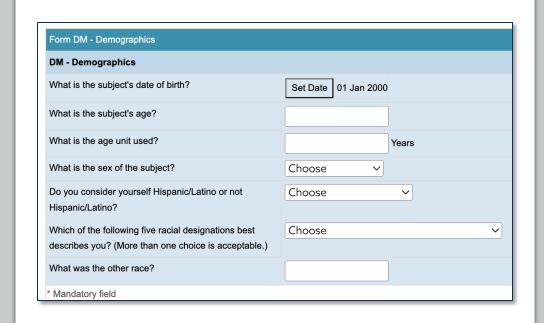


https://www.cdisc.org/core



CDASH eCRF Portal

- Out-of-the-box" solution for new users
- Meets the basic needs for many users, but also customizable
- Increase use of CDASH



https://www.cdisc.org/kb/ecrf

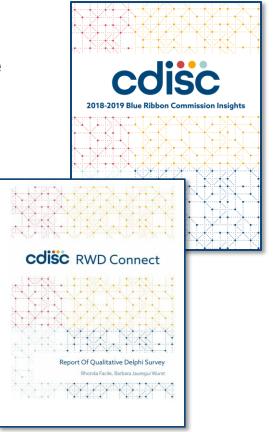




- The eCRF Portal adds functionality to the CDASH model.
 - Visual representation of CRF layout with CDASH annotations
 - Machine-readable ODM format
- Includes CRFs from:
 - CDASH Implementation Guide v2.1
 - Crohn's Disease Therapeutic Area User Guide
 - Upcoming COVID-19 Therapeutic Area User Guide
- Formedix offered the CDISC community MDR use at no cost

CDISC, Beyond Regulated Research

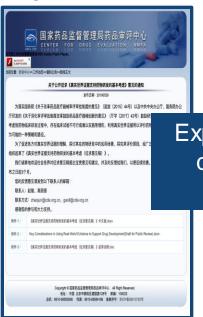
- CDISC standards are growing in use-cases beyond the original regulatory approvals use case
- The most important use case for CDISC to support is standardization of:
 - Academic research
 - Observational research
 - Patient-reported outcomes
 - EHR data the largest source of clinical data
- Areas of Focus
 - User specific education
 - · Visual, web-based, natural-language search
 - · Success stories and case studies publication
 - Accessible training
 - Expand membership to new groups
 - · Leverage the data sharing movement





RWD and the Regulatory Environment

China's NMPA



US FDA



EU EMA



Exploring and promoting the use of highquality RWD in decision-making as a strategic goal



http://www.cde.org.cn/news.do?method=largeInfo&id=23a2b4cbe0807fe2

https://www.fda.gov/media/120060/download

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/document s/regulatory-procedural-guideline/emaregulatory-science-2025-strategicref lection_en.pdf

Japan's PMDA



Utilization of Real World Data
- PMDA's approaches -

23rd March, 2021

Health-related data are gathered and accumulated in the clinical practice day by day. These data are called Real World Data (RWD), and they include electronic health record, claims data, patient registry data, etc. RWD still provide valuable information related to the outcomes of using medical products, while RWD are not obtained in the same manner as well-designed clinical trials conducted to evaluate medical products.

At PMOA, we have already had some experiences of utilizing such existing data for evaluating benefit-risk balance in the regulatory process. For example, in the case of tacrolimus, RWD was utilized in its approval for an indication supplement of initial treatment for interstitial pneumonia associated with polymyositis/demastomyositis. The indication was approved in 2013. Not only above case, but RWD has been utilized in some of new dugs applications so far.

Although the PMDA has been making good use of RWD, it applied a case-by-case basis approach until recently. It might not be widely known RWD can be utilized for regulatory submission. In order to promote RWD utilization further by product developers, the PMDA has recently developed and finalized two guidelines below:

https://www.pmda.go.jp/english/about-pmda/0004.pdf



Draft FDA RWD and Registry Guidance

Data Standards for Drug and Biological Product Submissions Containing Real-World Data Guidance for Industry

DRAFT GUIDANCE

This guidance document is being distributed for comment purposes only.

Comments and suggestions regarding this draft document should be submitted within 60 days of publication in the Federal Register of the notice announcing the availability of the draft guidance. Submit electronic comments to https://www.regulations.gov. Submit written comments to the Dockets Management Staff (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, Rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. All comments should be identified with the docket number listed in the notice of availability that publishes in the Federal Register.

For questions regarding this draft document or the Real-World Evidence Program, please email $\underline{\textbf{CDERMedicalPolicy-RealWorldEvidence@fda.hhs.gov}}.$

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER) Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (CBER)

October 2021 Real-World Data/Real-World Evidence (RWD/RWE)

Real-World Data: Assessing Registries to Support Regulatory Decision-Making for Drug and Biological Products Guidance for Industry

Additional copies are available from

Office of Communications, Division of Drug Information Center for Drug Evaluation and Research Food and Drug Administration 10001 New Hampshire Ave., Hillandale Bilag., 4th Floor Silver Spring, MD 20993–30002

Phone: 855-543-3784 or 301-796-3400; Fax: 301-431-6353 Email: druginfo@fda.hhs.gov

https://www.fda.gov/drugs/guidance-compliance-regulatory-information/guidances-drugs

Office of Communication, Outreach and Development Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research Food and Drug Administration 10003 New Hampshire Ave., Bidg. 71, Room 3128 Silver Spring, MD 20993-002 Phone: 800-835-4709 or 240-402-8010 Email: cocd@lad.hks.gov

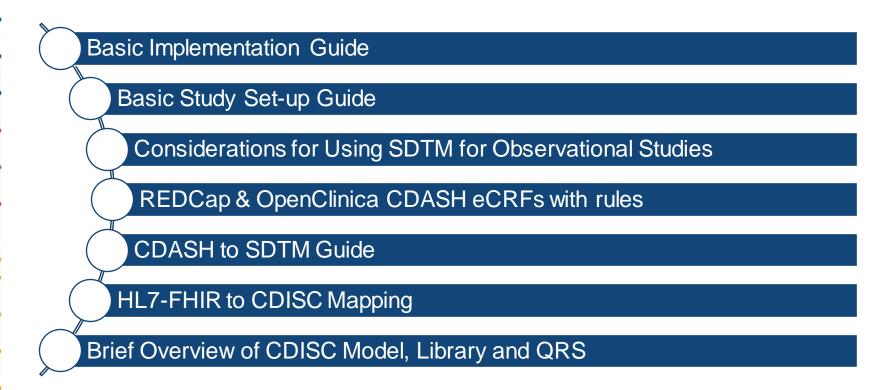
https://www.fda.gov/vaccines-blood-biologics/guidance-compliance-regulatory-information-biologics/biologics-guidances

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Food and Drug Administration Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER) Center for Biologies Evaluation and Research (CBER) Oncology Center of Excellence (OCE)

November 2021 Real World Data/Real World Evidence (RWD/RWE)



RWD Guides and Resources



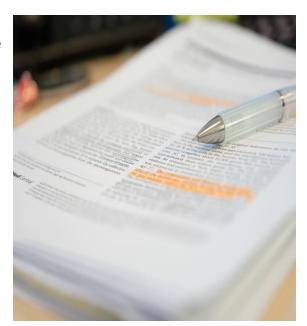




CDISC Focused Special Edition of JSCDM

Papers focused on CDISC implementation use cases in submissions.

- 24 Abstracts accepted
- Publication Q4 2022







Certification Program Highlights

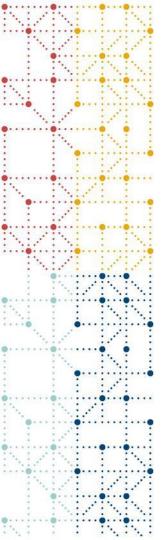
Validate Skills

Assess Potential Hires

Provide Clients
With Proven
Expertise

Visit the CDISC website for more information www.cdisc.org/education/cdisc-standardscertification





Thank You!

